

SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN

VOLUME XXXIII NO. 22

SEYMOUR, INDIANA, MONDAY, JANUARY 12, 1914.

PRICE TWO CENTS

HIGHEST OFFICERS OF K. OF P. COMING

Thomas J. Carling, of Georgia, Supreme Chancellor of World, Will Attend District Meeting.

PUBLIC SESSION THURSDAY

Merchants Have Complied With Request to Decorate Stores—Big Electric Sign.

Judge John M. Lewis of this city, grand chancellor of the Indiana K. of P. lodge, has received word from Thomas J. Carling of Georgia, supreme chancellor of the world, and Brig H. Young of Ohio, supreme vice-chancellor, that they will be here Thursday to attend the meeting of the 17th Pythian District of Indiana. The presence of these men, the two highest Pythian officers in the world, will add interest to the local meeting which promises to be the biggest K. of P. meeting to be held in Indiana this year.

Besides Judge Lewis all of the other grand officers of Indiana will be present at the meeting and quite a number of past grand chancellors and others prominent in the K. of P. work in the state will attend. James E. Watson, past grand chancellor, will deliver the principal address in the big afternoon meeting at the Majestic Theater. The public is invited to attend this meeting and a special invitation is extended to ladies. Union B. Hunt, national president of the K. of P. insurance department, will also give a short address at the public meeting.

In order that a larger number of business men and clerks may have an opportunity to hear Mr. Watson's address, the stores will be closed Thursday afternoon from 2 to 4:30 o'clock. A similar meeting will be held in the evening at the Majestic Theater at which time the degree will be conferred by Hermon Lodge.

All the stores in the city have been asked to decorate with American flags and K. of P. decorations and the great majority of them have promised to comply with the request. Those who are unable to secure K. of P. decorations may use the American colors and the national flag which will be entirely appropriate for the grand lodge statutes provide that the American flag shall be shown in each K. of P. lodge.

An added feature of the decorations will be a large triangle decorated in red, blue and yellow, the colors of the order, which will be placed at the intersection of Chestnut and Second streets. The triangle was made by John Bartlett and is ready to be placed in position. It has been wired for electricity and at night the colors will be shown by means of colored globes. If the weather is suitable a large parade will be held prior to the evening meeting. Word has been received from lodges at Indianapolis, Madison, North Vernon, Vernon and a number of other cities and towns that special cars will run to Seymour on that day. Traction cars both north and south will be held in this city Thursday night until after the work is completed in the

secret meeting. This will give all persons living along the traction lines an opportunity to return home before morning.

The Pythian Sisters will serve dinner and supper in the room now occupied by the Day Light Dry Goods store. The stock will be removed before that day to the Gold Mine Building and arrangements will be made to serve meals there at the noon hour and also at six o'clock.

The meeting is regarded as one of the most important held in Indiana for several years and in many respects will eclipse the state meeting held annually at Indianapolis. It is very unusual for the supreme chancellor of the world or any of the supreme officers to attend a district meeting and in order to be here by Thursday Supreme Chancellor Carling will make a special trip from Florida.

BOY WANTED FOR PETIT LARCENY GAVE HIMSELF UP

Price Graves Finds Way to Deputy Prosecutor's Office—Fined in Circuit Court.

Price Graves, a young man of eighteen summers, walked into the office of Deputy Prosecutor F. W. Wesner, this morning and gave himself up on a charge of petit larceny. The young man was indicted by the grand jury and Sheriff Robertson had the warrant in his hands for several weeks, but was unable to locate him. Graves' mother conferred with Deputy Prosecutor Wesner several days ago and said that as the charge was worrying her considerably she wanted her son to settle the matter in court as soon as possible.

Graves was indicted for the alleged theft of a laprobe from Alfred Williams, a farmer living in Owen township, late last summer. He was working for a farmer in that township and he and two friends of his own age went to Kurtz on Saturday night. When they started home they decided it would be cool driving and took the robe, but said they intended to return it the following Monday.

Before the robe was returned, however, the owner missed it and discovered where it was. The matter was brought to the attention of the grand jury and the other boys placed the blame on Graves. He was accompanied by the deputy prosecutor to Brownstown today.

Deputy Prosecutor Wesner recommended clemency in the case of Graves and after he pleaded guilty he was fined \$10 and costs and sentenced to jail for ten days. The jail sentence was suspended, and the fine was paid.

Cyrus R. Mann Dead.

Cyrus R. Mann, a widely known farmer of Salt Creek township died Saturday night after a few weeks' illness. He was a brother of K. D. Mann of this city. The deceased was fifty-six years of age, having been born April 28, 1857. He spent his entire life in the neighborhood of Freetown and had a wide acquaintance, especially in the west part of the county. He is survived by his widow and two sons, James and Curtis. The funeral will be held Tuesday morning at 10:30 o'clock from the Freetown M. E. church, conducted by Dr. F. A. Steele, of this city, assisted by the local pastor.

W. H. Missionary Society.

The Women's Home Missionary Society of the First M. E. church, will meet Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock with Mrs. Mayme Wiethoff, at her home on North Ewing street.

FATHER AND SONS ENGAGE IN FIGHT

Charles Beavers, a Farmer Living in Kurtz Neighborhood, Seriously Hurt in Melee.

ALLEGED ASSAILANTS HELD

Razor and Wrench Used as Weapons in Altercation at Saturday Night Church Services.

Charles Beavers, aged fifty-five years, a farmer living in Owen township, is in a critical condition as the result of an assault made upon him Saturday night by his sons, Ed and Tod Beavers. The trouble occurred at a school house about four miles southeast of Kurtz, where church services were in progress. Sheriff Van Robertson was notified of the fight and arrested the two young men Saturday night. They were lodged in jail, charges of assault and battery with intent to kill having been preferred against them. A more serious charge will likely be preferred in case their father does not recover from his injuries.

The fight was the outcome of some trouble which originated a few weeks ago when Mrs. Beavers and her younger son, Tod, left home. Saturday night the father and two sons met at the church service and the trouble was discussed. Ed, it is claimed, was armed with a razor and during the fight slashed his father on the left side of the neck, inflicting a deep and dangerous wound. His brother got hold of a heavy monkey wrench with which he struck the elder Beavers on the top of the head causing a deep scalp wound.

The father was removed to his home where his wounds were examined by a physician and he was found to be in a serious condition.

The trouble was reported to Sheriff Robertson who drove to Kurtz and arrested the alleged assailants. Ed Beavers is twenty-six years of age and has a family of a wife and two children. His brother is unmarried.

A telephone message from Kurtz this morning stated that Mr. Beavers was still in a critical condition, although it was thought that he had slightly improved, and that his chances for recovery were more favorable than reported Sunday.

Police Court.

Albert Baker, South Pine street, was fined \$1 and cost in police court for assault and battery upon his wife, Matilda Baker. The prosecuting witness told the court that the defendant came home early Sunday morning in an intoxicated condition and trouble resulted. He denied that he was drunk. He paid his fine.

William Fleming was also in police court Saturday night, having been slated on a charge of "plain drunk." He pleaded guilty and was fined \$1 and costs which were paid.

Merchants' Association.

The regular monthly meeting of the Retail Merchants' Association will be held at the office of the secretary, Harry M. Miller, tonight at 8 o'clock. This is an important meeting and all members are urged to be present.

"DRY" FORCES HOLD COUNTY MEETING

Discuss Campaign for State-wide Prohibition by Constitutional Amendment.

ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE ACTIVE

Rev. E. S. Shumaker Speaks at Two Local Churches Sunday on The Liquor Traffic.

Preliminary plans for conducting a campaign, the ultimate object of which is to bring about state-wide prohibition by constitutional amendment, were discussed by temperance leaders at a county meeting held at the First M. E. church this morning. Rev. William A. Schuff, pastor of the German M. E. church, presided over the meeting and Dr. D. L. Thomas, pastor of the First M. E. church, was chosen secretary. Representatives of the temperance forces at Cortland, Brownstown, Crothersville and other places attended.

The campaign which is being conducted by the Anti-Saloon League is expected to culminate in a new amendment to the state constitution. At the next election each voter will be handed a ballot upon which he will state whether he is in favor or opposed to calling a constitutional convention. The temperance forces of the state expect that this will carry by a large majority.

In case the constitutional convention is called, the temperance forces expect to send delegates to that convention who will be in favor of state wide prohibition. The preliminary campaign is being conducted to arouse greater sentiment in favor of prohibition and to give the temperance forces better opportunity to select delegates who will vote for state-wide prohibition.

A committee of five with G. H. Anderson as chairman, was appointed to perfect the organization in this community.

Rev. E. S. Shumaker, head of the Anti-Saloon League in Indiana, spent Sunday in this city and spoke at the First M. E. church in the morning and at the Nazarene church at night. He told of the great advancement that had been made in prohibition work during the last few years and gave in detail what was accomplished at Washington by the Committee of One Thousand who recently marched through the streets of the National Capital before presenting the resolution calling for national prohibition.

Rev. Mr. Shumaker said that the tide was rapidly turning towards prohibition throughout the country and the time was not far distant when the liquor problem would be settled as positively as the slavery question was settled.

In Juvenile Court.

Hardin F. Hayes and James S. Hayes, aged nine and thirteen years respectively, the two youngsters who are alleged to have stolen small amounts of money, milk bottles and other articles, will be arraigned in juvenile court this week. The hearing will likely be held in chambers by Judge Swails.

We do "Printing that Pleases."

"GO-TO-CHURCH" SUNDAY DISCUSSED BY MINISTERS

Hoped that Every Man, Woman and Child in Seymour will Attend Services Feb. 1st.

"Go-to-Church" Sunday was the subject of plans at the ministers' meeting this morning. "Go-to-Church" Sunday will be observed February 1st when it is hoped that every man, woman and child in the city of Seymour will attend some church. This movement is in line with a similar movement all over the United States and Canada for the observance of Feb. 1st as "Go-to-Church" Sunday.

At the meeting this morning the pastors of the First M. E., First Baptist, German M. E., St. Paul Evangelical, Christian and Nazarene churches and a representative of the Presbyterian church were present and made out the general plans for the "Go-to-Church" campaign. The city will be districted and men assigned to every district, so that every home in the city will receive an invitation to attend church on "Go-to-Church" Sunday. This committee appointed to arrange the distribution of invitations consists of:

Methodist, L. M. Mains, Jr., chairman; German M. E., Charles A. Hemmer; Nazarene, Walter Darling; St. Paul, F. H. Lemp; Presbyterian, C. D. Billings; Christian, W. H. Reynolds; Baptist, Jay C. Smith.

This movement is not confined to any church or denomination but is expected to embrace each church of every denomination in an effort to increase the church attendance and if possible to have every person in the city attend the church of his own preference on Feb. 1st. If this is accomplished the "Standing Room Only" sign will be up in every church for the population of Seymour will tax the seating capacity of the combined auditoriums of the city. It is the earnest desire of those in charge of the movement that every church be filled to its capacity and that every person attend some church at least once on February 1st.

BROCK PLEADED GUILTY TO UTTERING A FORGED CHECK

Judge Withholds Sentence but Minimum Fine of \$100 May be Assessed.

Charles H. Brock, who was charged with uttering a forged check in this city several days ago, was before Judge Swails in circuit court today and pleaded guilty. He was arraigned the latter part of last week and entered a plea of not guilty and Henry Prince, the county attorney, was appointed to look after his case.

Brock, who is unable to write, dictated the name of C. L. Jones which name was written on a check of the Freetown State Bank by Fred Mooner, a stranger, who was on his way to Washington. He endeavored to pass the check several places, it is alleged, and was arrested as he was endeavoring to erase the name.

Judge Swails withheld sentence, but it is probable that he will be assessed the minimum fine if he can pay it or get someone to stay the amount for him. His relatives in Salt Creek township have refused to help him out of his difficulties. The minimum fine is \$100 and the maximum fine is \$5000 to which the court may add from one to five years imprisonment.

The Barlow Studio and Gift Shop, 408 Indianapolis Ave. n25dtf

SURPRISES CAME WHEN LID WENT ON

182 Arrests as Result of Orders of New Superintendent of Police at Indianapolis.

TEN-YEAR-RECORD IS BROKEN

Police Raid Alleged Gambling Dens, Saloons, Wine Rooms and Resorts Sunday.

Indianapolis, January 12—One hundred and eighty-two people, one hundred and thirty-six men and forty-six women, arrested in alleged resorts, wineries, saloons, opium dens and gambling rooms during the thirty-six hours of the first week-end under the Sam Perrott regime as chief of police, were held for appearance before Judge Deery in police court today, breaking all records of the last ten years for the number of arrests in the time.

Court officials anticipated a tieup of police court through the wholesale arrests. That the defendants could, by demanding jury trials, occupy the time of the court for months, was the opinion of the officials.

Continuation of the raids began Saturday night and visits to saloons where the owners did not take Perrott's Sunday closing order seriously, caused the record-breaking clean-up. The catch ranges from men who match the diamonds they wear to the negro "hop" smoker in a dive bunk. Though the wide operations of the police Saturday night were the subject of discussion in the underworld yesterday, the Sunday gleanings were of people who took chances, and were not "tipped off," as it is alleged was the case with Wes Stout and Rufus Cantrell before the Saturday night raids started.

The lid was clamped tight in Indianapolis Sunday, and the arrests made yesterday evening were where it tilted. For the first time in memory, the barrooms of two downtown saloons where transients are served were empty.

Continuation of the raids Sunday followed the secret beginning Saturday night, but the details of the raids and the facts of the arrests were not made a part of police reports for publicity, the greater part of the information regarding them being obtained from the prisoners themselves.

Silence of Perrott as to his intentions and the performance of the squads of raiders during the last thirty-six hours has caused a general interest to be taken in the clean-up. The public has turned its eyes on Perrott and the work of the police department to discern any discrimination or politics in the clean-up.

Chief Perrott and his wife visited police headquarters about 11 o'clock Saturday night. When told by Captain Barmfuhrer that the orders had resulted in the arrest of nearly one hundred persons, Perrott expressed regret and said there should have been three times as many men and women caught in the net. About twenty of the places visited by the police were in darkness, as "wind of what the police were doing" traveled like wild fire and caused many places to be closed up.

MAJESTIC TONIGHT

"EDWARDS & BURNS"
"That Harmony and Humor Pair"
Introducing Harmony Singing and Good Refined Comedy—An Act With Pleasing Merits.

(A) & (B) THE CYPHERMESSAGE
Drama Parts 1 & 2 (Selig) with Lafayette McKee, Barney Furey, Al. F. Wilson, Frank Newburg, Adele Lane, Lillian Leighton and Miss Pardee.
(C) "THE MANICURE GIRL"
Comedy (Edison) with Majorie Ellison, Frank A. Lyon, Mrs. C. J. Williams, Gertrude McCoy, William Bechtel and Augustus Phillips.

Coming Wednesday, January 14th
"THE GOLDEN PATHWAY." A Two-Part Special Vitagraph, featuring Maurice Costello and Mary Charleson in the leading roles.

Prices—Lower Floor 10c. Balcony 5c
REMEMBER \$5.00 IN GOLD GIVEN AWAY EVERY FRIDAY NIGHT.

Specials in Clothing

Over-Stocked Must Sell Them Out.

50c Boys' heavy Winter Caps... 25c
25c Men and Boys' Suspenders... 10c
50c Boys' Sweater Coats... 29c
25c Boys' Outing Flannel Shirts... 19c
10c Men's Tan and Black Socks
4 pair... 25c
\$1.00 High Collar Men's Sweater Coats... 69c
50c Men & Boys' Jersey Sweaters 39c
10c—10 oz. Canvas Gloves by dozen... 95c
50c Men's Drawers, heavy fleece, each... 39c
50c Men's Shirts, heavy fleece... 39c
\$7.00 Duck Brand Rain Coats.
Sale Price... \$4.98
Stylish and will stand the wear.
\$1.00 Gray Wool Shirts... 75c
50c White and striped dress Shirts, each... 35c
50c blue Chambray Shirts, collar attached... 33 1-3c

HOADLEY'S

DREAMLAND TONIGHT

No. 1—"DAYS of 49"
(Kay Bee Western)

No. 2—"Their Great Big Beautiful Doll"
(Thanhouser Comedy)

No. 3—"The House on The Tree"
(Majestic Drama)

FIVE DOLLARS IN SILVER GIVEN AWAY EACH FRIDAY NIGHT.

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With T. M. Jackson, Jeweler.

YOU CAN SAVE

Sugar, all kinds, lb... 5c
Pure Lard, lb... 15c
Pure Lard, by tub, lb... 13c
Red Rose, that good Flour... 60c
Best Navy Beans, lb... 5c
Soda, 3 packages... 10c
Lenox Soap, 3 for... 10c
Star Soap, 10 bars... 39c
Kirk's Flake White Soap, 6 for... 25c
Loose Rolled Oats, 4 lbs... 15c
Flake Hominy, 4 lbs... 15c
New Prunes, 3 lbs... 25c
Loose Raisins, Muscatels, 3 lbs... 25c
Evaporated Peaches, 3 lbs... 25c
Large Fat Mackerel, 3 for... 25c
Lima Beans, fancy, 3 lb... 25c
Large package Corn Flakes... 5c
No. 1 can hand packed Tomatoes... 5c
Grimes Golden Apples, Celery, Head Lettuce, Rutabagas, Sweet Potatoes, New Orleans Molasses, Country Sorghum, Malaga Grapes, Grapefruit Oranges, Banannas, Nuts.

MAYES' Cash Grocery

Investigate
Our Popular
Cigar Offer.
It will interest you.

H. H. CARTER

Successor to Andrews Drug Co.

The Rexall Store

VILLA ADDS TO HIS PRESTIGE

Whilom Bandit Man Who Is to Be Dealt With.

THE OVERT OF OJINAGA

Official Washington Recognizes That Whatever Has Been Accomplished For the Mexican Revolution in the Last Few Weeks Has Been Done by Villa and That He and Not Carranza Is the Force to Be Reckoned With.

Washington, Jan. 12.—The taking of Ojinaga has again emphasized the fact that whatever has been accomplished for the revolution for the last few weeks has been done by Villa. There is no doubt in official quarters here that Villa, and not Carranza, will be the man with whom Huerta and also the United States will have to deal in the case of further successes being gained by the Constitutional forces.

Presidio, Tex., Jan. 12.—It is now generally agreed that Generals Orozco, Jose Y Salazar and Antonio Rojas, the federal volunteer generals most wanted by Villa, have, with 300 or 400 loyal followers, made their escape from Ojinaga, which has fallen to Pancho Villa. It is also said that they were joined by General Marvelo Caraveo, another federal volunteer general. Caraveo was reported to be among those who had surrendered to Major McNamee of the United States force on this side of the river, but when a census was taken he was not found among the federals who had sought asylum in the American camp at Presidio.

When it became known that Salazar and his fellow federal volunteer officers, who are considered by the Constitutionalists as arch traitors, and upon whose heads a price has been put, had escaped, Villa sent detachments in every direction with instructions to overtake them and capture them either dead or alive at any cost. Some of these detachments have returned to Ojinaga reporting failure, while others are still scouring the hills with the hope of catching the much wanted men.

It is reported among federal officers now prisoners in Major McNamee's hands that Salazar, though wounded, put up a gallant fight during the few brief hours the battle raged and distinguished himself for his bravery, as did also Orozco and Rojas. Caraveo, who had been wounded in the fighting of last week, did not take his usual active part in the last battle. Major Luis Terrazas, third, grandson of General Terrazas the Chihuahua land baron, is missing.

Major Mondoza of the federals was killed while making a stand at the custom house on the bank of the Rio Grande, while holding at bay a detachment of rebels intent upon cutting off the retreat of the main body of federals. Had it not been for Mondoza's brilliant work the slaughter of fugitives along the banks of the river would have been terrible. The rebels captured between 300 and 400 prisoners, the most of them volunteers, and hundreds of these have been executed.

The total rebel loss in killed is said to have been fewer than fifty. The federal loss on the battlefield will be over 100, not counting executions. The list of wounded on both sides will be heavy. There are more than 300 rebel and federal wounded now being cared for by the Red Cross in Presidio, and of these the great majority are federals.

Owing to exposure there is much sickness among the women and children as well as among the weaker of the soldier prisoners, but thus far no deaths have been reported. Large supplies of fuel have been gathered and many fires have been lighted throughout the concentration camp, enabling the fugitives to dry their clothing and ward off the icy blasts of the prevailing norther. There is no place to house the captured federals, so they are herded like cattle, with a line of soldiers surrounding them. Their officers are herded separately.

More than 2,000 rifles, two cannon, several machine guns and many thousand rounds of rifle ammunition were taken from the fleeing federal soldiers by Major McNamee's men and are piled in great heaps at Presidio. Many of the federals who surrendered threw away their guns before crossing the river, and several of the cannon which the federals attempted to bring across to the American side were abandoned, so close was the rebel pursuit. The rebels captured all these.

The rebels have removed the bodies of men and animals killed during the battle from the streets of Ojinaga and have the little town already well policed, in anticipation of its occupancy by a permanent garrison.

Homesick Student Kills Himself. Terre Haute, Ind., Jan. 12.—Oswald DeRossy, a Porto Rican student at a veterinary college, homesick, shot and killed himself in his room here.

The mammoth plants of the International Distilling company and the United States Industrial Alcohol company at New Orleans were destroyed by fire at a loss of \$1,000,000.

REX BEACH.

Author of Popular Panama Story, "The Ne'er-do-well."



CONGRESS IS BACK ON THE JOB AGAIN

Session Is Resumed After a Twenty-Day Vacation.

Washington, Jan. 12.—After a twenty-day vacation, congress today returned to labor. In the legislative program now being framed supplemental anti-trust legislation, the establishment of a system of rural credits and a drastic immigration bill are to be featured. Just what anti-trust legislation will be passed at this session remains to be determined.

There is a general disposition among the responsible leaders in congress to go slow in passing additional laws bearing upon the activities of corporations, and the indications are that legislation of this sort will not be as broad and comprehensive as has been represented.

After the anti-trust program is taken up congress will turn its attention to other bills that are either on the calendar now, or will be soon presented. They cover a wide range of questions.

HELD THEM BLAMELESS

German Army Officers Were Acquitted by Court Martial.

Strassburg, Jan. 12.—Court martial acquitted all the German army officers charged with breaches of the law in connection with the recent violent incidents between the military and civilians of Zabern. The military judges in all cases accepted the word of the officers against the sworn testimony of the civilian witnesses.

Colonel VonReuter, commander of the Ninety-ninth infantry, was charged with wrongful imprisonment, but the court found his acts justifiable.

Lieutenant Schad, accused of striking a prisoner, was released by the same court on the ground that the charge had not been proved.

Lieutenant Baron VonForstner won his appeal before a second court martial against the sentence of forty-three days' imprisonment on him for Dec. 19 for sabering a lame shoemaker.

The justification of Colonel VonReuter's acts was based by the court on a decree issued by the king of Prussia in 1820, which gave the right to the military to intervene without waiting for a request from the civil authorities in case the latter were powerless to suppress disorders.

Sylvia Pankhurst Released.

London, Jan. 12.—Miss Sylvia Pankhurst, the militant suffragette, has been released from Holloway jail. She had been a prisoner since Jan. 3, when she was arrested in the East End of London. She was in a state of collapse as the result of a "hunger strike."

To Tax Deals in Cotton Futures.

Washington, Jan. 12.—Legislation taxing dealings in cotton futures will be passed at the present session of congress, according to Representative Lever of South Carolina, chairman of the house committee on agriculture.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather.
New York.....	23	Clear
Boston.....	20	Snow
Denver.....	18	Cloudy
San Francisco..	42	Cloudy
St. Paul.....	20	Clear
Chicago.....	34	Clear
Indianapolis...	28	Clear
St. Louis.....	38	Clear
New Orleans...	50	Clear
Washington...	30	Clear

Fair, colder.

BURGHERS TAKE UP ARMS AGAIN

Condition Bordering On War In South Africa.

STRIKE PRECIPITATES THINGS

Many of Those Who Predicted Failure For Proposed General Strike Have Become So Alarmed That They Are Pleading For White Unity to Protect Women and Children From the Horrors of a Native Uprising.

Johannesburg, Jan. 12.—On account of the burghers' prompt rally to the order to mobilize to fight the striking railroad men, it has not become necessary yet to declare martial law throughout the affected district, which was expected to be done yesterday. The arrest of the particular leaders of the strikers has strengthened the hands of the government to a great extent.

It is estimated that fully 60,000 burghers are already enrolled and have arrived at their respective rendezvous, and it is expected that 100,000 men under arms will be at their allotted stations by night. The government is handling the situation as if a state of war exists. Except for a few isolated cases of violence on the railroads, Sunday passed quietly. The train service on the Transvaal and the old Orange Free State was limited, but there was a better service in Cape Colony and Natal. The strikers held meetings here and in Pretoria and other cities. The government has not interfered with any of the meetings, all of which were orderly.

Not since the Boers laid down their arms to the Britons in 1902 has the Rand been as near a state of war as it is today. Many of those who predicted failure for the strike have become so alarmed that they are pleading for white unity to protect the women and children from the horrors of a native uprising.

Johannesburg has the appearance of a besieged city. The calling out of the burghers has resulted in the gathering of the old Free State burghers, who have sprung to arms with the same alacrity as in the days of a native uprising, or when the British invaded the veldt. This force is under the command of the veteran Boer general, Jacobus H. De La Rey.

The Trades Federation has received the declaration of a general strike, and has ordered that ballot be taken on the question by all the unions tomorrow. The federation has also passed a resolution condemning the government for imprisoning the men's leaders, "because they expressed the opinions of those whom they represented."

So far as military preparations can assure it, the government has absolute command of the situation. Troopers, infantry and police can be seen in all directions posted at strategic points along the Reef. But it is considered a grave question whether the burghers will fire, if ordered to do so, on their fellow Boers, who compose the majority of the Rand Railway men. The strikers seem to share this belief, for the strike leaders have given permission to those who are members of the defense force to join their commands.

TWO BROTHERS ARE HELD

Charged With Drugging and Throwing Anderson Man Into Creek.

Anderson, Ind., Jan. 12.—Jacob Fultmer, forty-two years old, and John Fultmer, forty years old, have been arrested charged with having drugged John Sulter, thirty years old, robbing him of \$21 and throwing him unconscious into Green's branch. Sulter is in a critical condition from bruises and exposure.

Sulter said he was on his way home from work at the American Wire and Steel mill, accompanied by the Fultmers. He said they gave him something to drink out of a bottle, which he thought was whisky, but which was evidently some drug. He said he did not lose consciousness, but that he had no use of his limbs. Supposing him to be unconscious, he said, the Fultmers searched his pockets, taking his money, and threw him over the railing into the water. His cries for aid were heard by a small colored boy, who summoned assistance.

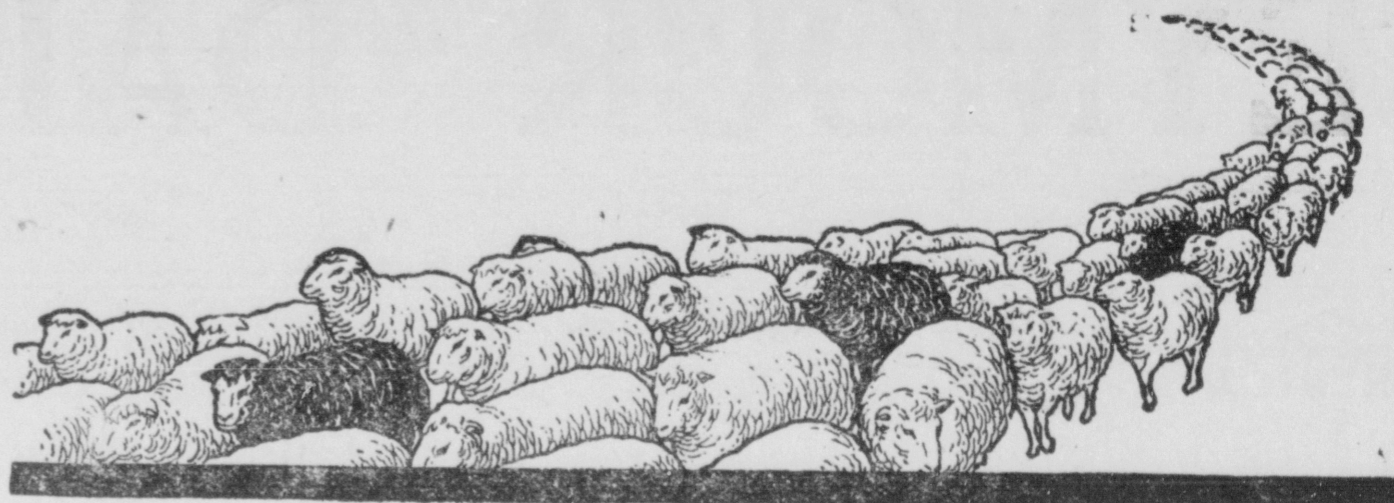
STORM ALONG THE BALTIC

The Fate of Hundreds of Villagers Is Still in Doubt.

Berlin, Jan. 12.—The full story of the havoc caused by Saturday's heavy storm along the Baltic coast is not yet known, but the fear that 100 persons, the entire population of the village of Dankerort, had been drowned, was removed Sunday by the news that the greater part of them were rescued by boats. The villagers had taken refuge in the trees and on the housetops.

Some villages are still isolated by the waters and probably many houses have collapsed. Some of the villagers escaped by wading to safety through water which was up to their necks. The fate of the village of Laase, Deepe and Nestes is uncertain.

Destruction of property is undoubtedly immense, but it is hoped that the mortality is not great.



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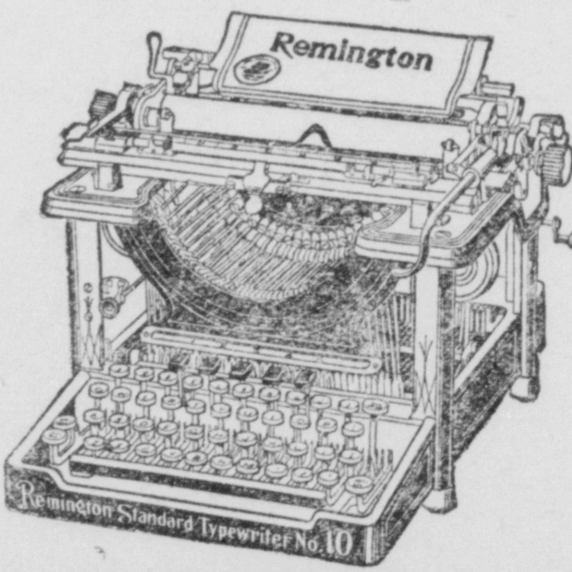
REMINGTON is the machine in which the majority of good business schools have confidence—the confidence to turn out competent, efficient operators—the thing on which the very life of these schools depends.

REMINGTON is the machine in which business men and business houses have confidence—because the big majority of good stenographers are Remington trained and "go to work the first day without breaking in."

12,500,000 Remington Letters mailed in the United States every business day in the year.

Isn't that the answer to the question, "which machine?" for your office?

Throughout the world Remington is a synonym for typewriter efficiency. It is the voice of the business world.



Remington
Typewriter Company
(Incorporated)

6 West Market St., Indianapolis, Ind.

The KITCHEN CUPBOARD

SOME DESSERT JELLIES.

DAINTY jellies which make nice desserts may be prepared with the fruits now at hand. Fruits are so wholesome that they should be served in some form at every meal.

Grapefruit Jelly.—Soak some grapefruit rind overnight in lime water. In the morning put in fresh water, changing the water until all bitterness is removed. Slice the fruit pulp after cutting off with sharp knife the white tissue and place with the rind in jelly kettle. In proportion to one grapefruit use one quart of cold water and cook down to one-third pint of juice. Strain and add sugar in proportion of a little more than measure for measure.

A Simple Dessert.

Apple Jelly.—Take a pound of apples, an ounce of gelatin, one lemon, four ounces of sugar and half a pint of water. Peel, core and cut the apples into small pieces. Grate the lemon rind, squeeze and strain the lemon juice. Put the apples, lemon rind, lemon juice, sugar and water into a saucepan and simmer till the apples are reduced to a pulp. Rub them through a fine sieve. Dissolve the gelatin in two tablespoonsful of water, strain and add to the apples. Rinse a mold with cold water, pour in the apple mixture and put it aside to cool.

When firm turn it out and serve.

Must Be Served Quickly.

Pineapple Jelly.—Soak two-thirds of a box of gelatin for an hour in enough cold water to cover it. Shred or chop fine two small pineapples. Strain over the fruit the juice of one lemon and stir through it one pint of granulated sugar. Add a pint of boiling water to the soaked gelatin, and when it is dissolved pour it over the fruit. Put into a mold which has been wet with cold water and place on the ice until it hardens. Serve with whipped cream or boiled custard.

A Wholesome Sweet.

Fig Jelly.—Take a half pound of figs, a pint and a quarter of water, a half ounce of gelatin, two ounces of powdered sugar, the grated rind and juice of a lemon and a few drops of cochineal. Put the figs, sugar, grated lemon rind and water in a saucepan and let them simmer very gently till the figs are tender. Take out the figs, cut them into small pieces and remove any hard stalks. Dissolve the gelatin in a little of the sirup, strain and add it to rest of the sirup. Put in the chopped figs and the lemon juice and put the mixture away in a cool place till it begins to thicken, stirring it occasionally. Pour it into a wetted mold and leave it till firm. Dip the mold in and out of hot water and turn the jelly into a glass dish. Serve alone or with custard.

Ana Thompson

Education Notes.

"Teach the facts about your home city in the public schools," urges the bureau of municipal research, New York city.

Having introduced medical inspection in 1872, Elmira, N. Y., claims to have been the first American city to adopt health supervision of school children.

The equivalent of one school year for more than 400 children is lost because of contact with minor contagious diseases, according to figures recently compiled for Pittsburgh.

The junior high school at Grand Rapids, Mich., consisting of pupils of the seventh, eighth and ninth grades, has grown in two years from a school of 430 pupils and 15 teachers to one of 851 pupils and 36 teachers. More boys and girls have stayed in school under the new plan.

An Ideal Woman's Laxative.

Who wants to take salts, or castor oil, when there is nothing better than Dr. King's New Life Pills for all bowel troubles. They act gently and naturally on the stomach and liver, stimulate and regulate your bowels and tone up the entire system. Price 25c. At all Druggists.

H. E. Bucklen & Co., Philadelphia or St. Louis.

We do "Printing that Pleases."

MR. HENRY PECK AND HIS FAMILY AFFAIRS

By Gross



POLICEMEN TAKE CASE TO COURT

Another Development of Terre Haute Muddle.

INSIST ON HOLDING THEIR JOBS

Haley and Hagerty, Who Recently Got a Restraining Order to Prevent Their Being Ousted by the Mayor, Have Gone to the Court For a Mandate to Compel Police Superintendent to Put Them Back to Work.

Terre Haute, Ind., Jan. 12.—Complaint for mandate against Edward Holler as superintendent of police was filed in the superior court by attorneys representing Michael Hagerty and Patrick Haley, city patrolmen, who caused a restraining order to be issued by the circuit court a few days ago to prevent their being ousted by Mayor Roberts and his board of public safety. The complainants ask the court to mandate Superintendent of Police Holler to reinstate Hagerty and Haley as police officers.

In the complaint it is alleged that Holler, acting with full knowledge that a restraining order had been issued to prevent the suspension of Hagerty and Haley, willfully disobeyed and violated the provisions of the restraining order; that Holler on or after Jan. 5 last unlawfully refused and declined to give Patrolmen Hagerty and Haley any employment or assignments for duty as officers and members of the department of public safety and still unlawfully refuses and declines to assign them to positions in the department.

Damages in the sum of \$1,000 and the costs of the action were demanded. The argument on the action will be heard Jan. 22.

AN ALLEGED FORGER HELD

Prominent Contractor Declared to Have Used Other Men's Names.

Nashville, Ind., Jan. 12.—John Finn, thirty-one years old, formerly a prominent contractor of Bloomington, was arrested here and was later taken to Martinsville, where he is charged with forgery. He is said to have confessed when he was captured by the sheriff here and admitted that he was on his way to Kentucky. He attributed his downfall to liquor.

Finn is said to have forged the name of Stewart & Stewart to checks in Newcastle, Rockport, Bedford, Indianapolis, Morgantown, Martinsville and Crawfordsville, his forgeries amounting to about \$1,000. At Crawfordsville, it is said, he gave the Neal Machinery company a forged check for \$554.68 for goods and another for \$15, for which he obtained cash. At Martinsville he is said to have given the Woods-Whitacre company a worthless check for \$150 for two wagons.

TWO HOOSIERS LOSE HEADS

No Appropriation Made For a Continuation of Their Jobs.

Washington, Jan. 12.—In looking around for official heads to decapitate in his department, Secretary of Commerce Redfield has decided to separate from the public service two distinguished Indiana scientists—Dr. Barton W. Everman, chief of the division of Alaskan fisheries, and Fred M. Chamberlain, naturalist of the fur seal service. It develops that provision for these offices was eliminated from the estimates sent to congress by Secretary Redfield.

Dr. Everman formerly lived at Terre Haute. Chamberlain, whose home is at Seelyville, is the young man who not long ago made a spectacular race with death while being carried in a revenue cutter from the seal fields in the Pribiloff islands to Seattle for treatment, accompanied by his bride of a few weeks. He is now recuperating in Arizona.

Speeding Up.
Strange as it may appear, some men go faster after they have received a check.—New Orleans Picayune.

RESULTS THAT REMAIN

Are Appreciated by Seymour People.

Thousands who suffer from backache and kidney complaint have tried one remedy after another, finding only temporary benefit. This is discouraging, but there is one kidney medicine that has earned a reputation for lasting results and there is plenty of proof of its merit right here in Seymour.

Here is the testimony of one who used Doan's Kidney Pills years ago, and now makes his testimony even stronger.

A. P. Williams, 217 S. Broadway, Seymour, Ind., says: "I suffered intensely from troubles, caused by my kidneys. I tried every remedy I heard of, but got no permanent relief until I used Doan's Kidney Pills. This remedy soon restored my kidneys to a normal condition and improved my health."

Added Praise.

During a personal interview on June 25, 1912, Mr. Williams said: "I have had no serious trouble from my kidneys since Doan's Kidney Pills cured me. I still use this remedy whenever I feel in need of a kidney tonic and I get good results."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

PRESIDENT'S SPECIAL CAREFULLY GUARDED

No Precaution Neglected to Insure Safety.

Pass Christian, Miss., Jan. 12.—Accompanied by Mrs. Wilson and the other members of his family, President Wilson is on his way home. The president went to bed in his private car on the railroad switch adjacent to the Pass Christian station shortly after 9 o'clock last night. A few minutes after 11 o'clock the special train started north. Washington will be reached if all goes well, at 7 o'clock tomorrow morning.

There were a few persons gathered at the depot when the big White House automobile arrived alongside of the private car, and as the executive alighted from the machine and courteously assisted Mrs. Wilson to the ground, there were hearty cheers by those present.

The president doffed his hat for an instant. Then the group of secret service men gathered behind him and he was whisked across the gravel-paved platform up the steps and into the big private car.

Unusual precautions had been taken to safeguard the life of the chief executive. His train, made up of a big steel car carrying the two big White House automobiles, a heavy baggage car, a regular Pullman for the members of the immediate party, and the private car Ideal, was preceded over the route by a pilot train. The latter ran as an "extra" just ten minutes ahead of the presidential special. The regular night and day force of operators were kept on duty in the signal towers, while section hands were ordered to man every switch along the route until the special had passed.

IF YOU HAD A
NECK
AS LONG AS THIS FELLOW,
AND HAD
SORE THROAT
ALL THE WAY
DOWN
TONSILINE
WOULD QUICKLY RELIEVE IT.
25c and 50c. Hospital Size, \$1.
ALL DRUGGISTS.

LOUIS JOSEPH VANCE.

Author of "The Day of Days" and Other Fine Stories.



THAW'S LIBERTY NOT A MENACE TO PUBLIC

Lunacy Commission Reports In Favor of Fugitive.

New York, Jan. 12.—Harry Thaw declined to make any statement regarding his movements if released. When telephoned at the Eagle hotel at Concord, N. H., someone else spoke in his place and said that Thaw would not make any remarks.

Concord, N. H., Jan. 12.—The commission appointed by Judge Aldrich of the United States court to reach a finding as to whether it would be a public menace to liberate Harry K. Thaw on bail pending a final decision of his case in the federal court, has reached a conclusion and filed the same with the clerk of the United States court in this city.

The commission holds that: "In our opinion it is reasonably probable that Harry Kendall Thaw's liberty under bail would not be dangerous or a menace to the public peace and safety."

The commission further states by its written report that its members have formed a unanimous and positive opinion as to the state of Thaw's mind at the time of the homicide, but refrains from expressing that opinion, because the scope of its inquiry does not permit of a finding or an opinion on this point.

The report is addressed to Judge Aldrich and signed by all the members of the commission. The somewhat exhaustive report says the commission went carefully over the case book of the Matteawan hospital, covering the period from Feb. 1, 1908, to Aug. 17, 1913, when Thaw escaped. It also examined transcripts of all other legal proceedings, including various direct and cross-examinations of Thaw and all evidence submitted at the two trials of Thaw for homicide. The report further says that "in its studies and deliberations the commission has in the main confined its attention to facts, preferring to attach little importance for its purpose, to the conflicting opinions of expert and other witnesses."

Impertinent Personals.

Mr. Taft is sixty pounds lighter Alas, too late; the race is over!—Chicago Tribune.

"Little" Judge Ben Lindsey of Denver has just married. And after years of political experience in a suffrage state at that!—New York American.

Ambassador Page has appeared in Scotch kilts, but he will not be received into full fellowship until he takes a few lessons on the bagpipe.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Hair ribbons for men, it is announced, are the latest Parisian fashion. Wouldn't a pair of olive green ones look dainty on Senator Jim Ham Lewis' pink whiskers?—Topeka State Journal.

TERSE TELEGRAMS

Peasants at Grodne were attacked by wolves as they were on their way home from church and eight of them were devoured.

Twelve men were killed in an explosion in the Rock Castle mine of the Davis Creek Coal company, south of Birmingham, Ala.

F. M. Bell of El Paso fell 300 feet in an aeroplane at Meridian, Miss., and escaped with two broken kneecaps and minor internal injuries.

Lieutenant Mery, a military aviator, while making a flight at Santiago, Chili, fell from a height of 3,000 feet and was dashed to pieces.

At the Seventh Indiana district Democratic convention Charles A. Korbly was renominated by acclamation for representative in congress.

Four business men were killed on the outskirts of Fort Worth when a switch engine backed a string of cars into their automobile at a street crossing.

Northwest Russia is in the grip of a terrific storm. The railroads are blocked and hundreds of peasants have lost their lives in snowdrifts. The roads are obliterated.

President Yuan Shih Kai has issued a decree dissolving the Chinese parliament. The decree permits parliament to be assembled again, but that body has been practically abolished.

Frederick Straus, a prominent grocer of New York's East Side, was killed during a street battle between gun men, four of whom are held, charged with the crime. Straus was "an innocent bystander."

Z. Ho, manager of the Commercial Press at Shanghai, was shot and killed in a street as an act of revenge of one of his enemies for Ho's share in inducing the municipal council to take control of the suburb of Shapai in July last to prevent the rebels from establishing a base of operations.

Pile Driver Crushed Two.
Wabash, Ind., Jan. 12.—T. W. Tragers was injured fatally when his right arm was torn off, and William Pate suffered a fractured arm and was otherwise seriously hurt when a pile driver being used in construction work on the Erie railroad, toppled over to the ground, pinning the men beneath the heavy timbers.

Farmer Caught at Crossing.
Rochester, Ind., Jan. 12.—Peter Slonaker, a well-known farmer of this county, was struck and probably fatally injured while crossing the Erie railroad near here. He was riding in a storm buggy and did not see the engine. The engineer asserted that he blew the whistle.

SEYMOUR MARKET.

Wagon Wheat95c
New Corn56c
Old Corn68c
Shelled oats, per bu.40c
Straw, wheat, ton.7.00
Straw, oats, ton.8.00
Hay, timothy, loose.\$16@19
Hay, timothy, baled.\$18@20
Hay, clover, ton.\$14@16

POULTRY.

Hens, per pound.11c
Springs, per pound.10c
Guineas, apiece25c
Ducks, per pound.9½c
Geese, per pound.8c
Old roosters, per pound.7c
Turkeys, per pound.14c
Old Toms, per pound.12c
Pigeons, per dozen.75c
Eggs, per dozen.27c
Butter, per pound.17c

HOGS.

Top\$7.15-\$7.40
Light\$7.00-\$7.15

CATTLE.

Butcher cattle.\$5.75@6.00
Veal calves, per lb.\$6-\$7

Loaded With Useful and Interesting Information

The complete directory of Seymour, Brownstown, Crothersville and Jackson County. Giving the name and location of all citizens, churches, schools and public buildings.

A book that should be in every home and business house. It comes handy every day in the year.

The book formerly sold at \$3.00, we want to sell the few that are left quickly.

While They Last

\$3.00 VALUE

\$1.00

The SEYMOUR REPUBLICAN

HARD AT IT

Moving the IDEAL STORE'S

\$20,000.00

Stock of Dry Goods, Coats, Suits and Furs to our own Department Store, where, as soon as the goods can be arranged and marked, we will begin one of the greatest Price Reduction Sales ever attempted in Southern Indiana. WAIT FOR IT! WATCH FOR IT! "YOU WILL BUY IT FOR LESS."

GOLD MINE DEPARTMENT STORE
SEYMOUR, INDIANA

GIVE THE BURGLAR THE "HA, HA!" BANK YOUR CASH WITH US



SOME people extend invitations to the THIEF AND HOLDUP MAN. They carry on their persons or in their homes large sums of money. A CHECK BOOK is of no use to the professional thief. Still, a check is AS GOOD AS CASH to the tradesman or for the immediate household wants. If you haven't a bank account

OPEN ONE TODAY.

Fire and Burglar Proof Vaults for Your Valuables

The First National Bank
SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

PREPARE FOR 1914

MONEY

MAKES A HAPPY NEW YEAR. Borrow it from us. Pay all the small bills. Start the New Year right and pay us back in

EASY WEEKLY OR MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

YOU CAN BORROW

Any Time	\$ 25.00 for \$1.50 interest, 3 mos.	Any Amount
1 to 12 Months	\$ 50.00 for \$3.00 interest, 3 mos.	\$10 to \$250
	\$100.00 for \$6.00 interest, 3 mos.	

AGENT IN OFFICE FRIDAY OF EACH WEEK.

CAPITOL LOAN COMPANY

9 1/2 W. Second St. With John Congdon.
Loans on Furniture, Pianos, etc.
Mail Address: 31 1/2 Public Square, Shelbyville, Indiana.

The New Singer Store

With a Complete Line of Singer Sewing machines and Supplies
MACHINES SOLD ON EASY PAYMENTS
Repairing and Supplies for all makes of machines
Second-hand Machines For Sale

16 St. Louis Avenue

OSTEOPATHY BY THE
Spaunhurst
Osteopaths
D. L. Robeson, resident.
Full three year grad-
uate in Osteopathy. Fifth year in Seymour. 14 West Second Street. Phone No. 557

FORMS AND TEXT-BOOKS TO BE ISSUED BY ACCOUNTS BOARD

Duties of County Commissioners Re-
lative to Bridge and Ditch Con-
tracts will be Printed.

Forms and text-books to guide township, city and county officials in their work to the end that uniform accounts be kept and better business methods be used have been prepared by Gilbert H. Hendren, chief of the state board of accounts, and soon will be ready for distribution.

The duties of county commissioners are fully set out in one of the text-books to be printed, so that there will be no excuse, say the accountants, for not following the law in the letting of contracts for roads, bridges, ditches, etc. County officials also will be required to tax fees according to the requirements of the law as set out in the second text-book. The methods to be employed in keeping accounts in cities of all classes and of towns are also outlined.

Concerning the use of the new forms, Mr. Hendren said:

"Copies of the fee and salary laws have been sent to township trustees, county auditors, treasurers, clerks, sheriffs, surveyors, recorders, county attorneys, city clerks and controllers and state officials. This book has been prepared by the state board and approved by the attorney-general, and all officers will be required hereafter to tax all fees as therein set out. Field examiners have been furnished a copy of this book and all officers who fail to tax fees accordingly will be required by the field examiners to change their books and comply therewith.

"Two other books are being prepared by the state board and are almost ready for the printer, both of which will have the approval of the attorney-general. One is a text-book of the laws governing county commissioners as to the duties of their office. It is my opinion that in the matter of gravel road construction, the repairs of gravel roads, the letting of bridge contracts, contracts for dredge ditches, contracts for public buildings, and all other contracts for public work, that this book will furnish such clear and concise information that it will result in the saving of tens of thousands of dollars every year to the taxpayers. A copy of this book will be furnished to each county attorney, county auditor and to each county commissioner.

"The other book is a compilation of the laws covering the duties of township trustees. The township trustees and county commissioners expend about three-fourths of all the taxes paid by the taxpayers. Therefore, they should be properly informed as to their duties. The information derived from the fee and salary book, text-book for commissioners and text-book for trustees, will so improve the business methods of all offices that it will greatly facilitate the work of examination, thereby reducing the expense of such examination.

"Complete forms for the keeping of the accounts of cities of the five different classes in Indiana, also the incorporated towns, are now ready to be forwarded to the officials of said corporations. These forms are practical and comply with the statutes in every particular. All complex and vague methods have been eliminated, making the records, when complete, clearly understandable by both officials and the public."

GOOD ROADS IN IRELAND.

Improvements Made in Order to At-
tract Automobile Tourists.

Ireland is awakening to the necessity of putting her roads in order for American and other automobilists whom she wishes to attract as tourists. Irish roads until recently were notoriously bad, and in many parts of the country they still deserve that reputation, says the Brooklyn Eagle. The chief reason for this condition of affairs is financial. The roads are maintained by local bodies which have never very much money to spend and very often are almost unduly economical.

Yet there is a large sum of money actually allotted for this purpose by the government, most of which has not been spent. Since its establishment in 1910 the road board has been granted \$1,200,000 to spend in Ireland, but of this sum only \$450,000 has actually been distributed. The reason for this strange state of affairs lies in the system of divided control over main roads. As a result the road board finds that it is hampered in its work by having to deal with a large number of small local bodies instead of with the county councils alone, as in England.

A movement has now been set on foot by the automobile association and the motor union to effect an improvement in this direction. Their suggestion is that the main roads should be taken away from the control of the smaller bodies and put under the county councils. The consent of parliament would, of course, be necessary to the change, but there seems to be no reason why it should not be easily obtained.

Advertise in the Republican. It pays.



A message from royalty is generally engrossed on parchment. Its very physical appearance demands respect.

Old Council Tree Bond is to the American Business Man what parchment is to royalty.

Your letter on Old Council Tree Bond will command respect because its physical appearance is that of dignity and substantiality. It will create a favorable impression because of its simple elegance.

The best part of it is, Old Council Tree Bond will not perceptibly increase your stationery bill. It is a high class paper at a moderate price—less than you can reasonably expect to pay for a paper of such quality.

Call on us for proof:

THE SEYMOUR REPUBLICAN
Printing and Publishing
JAY C. SMITH
108 W. Second St. Phone 42

Winter Wearing Apparel Priced Right

Men's Heavy Nelson Cotton Socks, Pair 10c.
Men's Heavy Woolen Sox Pair, 25c to 40c.
(Made by the Mishawaka Woolen Co.)
Canvas Gloves—Mittens and Gauntlets.
All Prices as to Weight.
Men's Work Shirts, Each 39c.
Men's Heavy Caps, 45c to 85c.
Men's Heavy Underwear, 39c Garment.
Men's \$1.00 Union Suits, 36 size only, Suit 75c
Ladies \$1.00 Union Suits, 4, 5 and 6 size, Garment 65c.
Boys and Girls Union Suits, Garment 45c.
Men's \$1.25 Sweaters for 98c.

GOOD LOOSE COFFEE FOR 12 1/2 c LB.

RAY R. KEACH
Country Store East 2nd St.

GROCERIES
FOR YOUR SUNDAY DINNER
Ordered from our grocery depart-
ment insures you of Fresh, Clean
Stock, Courteous Service and Prompt
Delivery. Reasonable Prices. Large
est Selection.
W. H. REYNOLDS
21-23 S. Chestnut St. Phone 163.

K.D. Mann Automobile Garage
Repairs and Accessories
All Repairs Guaranteed
Agents for K-R-I-T
AUTOMOBILE LIVERY 26 E. Third St.
Phone No. 261.

NEAL ELECTRIC CO.
Everything Electrical
ASK US Estimates Free

Properly Clothe Your Boy

That he may enjoy the boyhood frolics that nature is just now preparing for him.

XTRA GOOD CLOTHES

In all the newer shades, patterns and fabrics, manly looking coats, full peg trousers lined throughout, sizes 8-18.

Dubblewear

Suits, full lined, 2 pair trousers, pure wool fabrics \$5.00.

Attractive values in Boy's Clothes.

THE-HUB
THE RELIABLE STORE



XTRAGOOD

You'll Enjoy It.....

A good toilet soap is an essential to a good complexion as is Nyal Face Cream. The Nyal line of toilet soaps is made from the proper material for the better kinds of soap. A little care in selecting soap will pay a good dividend in a perfect skin. Try Nyal's kind. Ten and twenty-five cents a cake. You'll enjoy it.

Cox's Pharmacy



You're Sure To Be Satisfied.

Why not join our long list of satisfied customers. People that appreciate good workmanship in shoe repairing, and they get it too. We would like to have you be one of them, if you will give us one trial we are sure of your continued patronage. Remember the best leather used that is obtainable in all work.

W. N. FOX

Electric Shoe Shop

120 East Second St., Seymour, Ind

A. C. BRANAMAN
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
S. Chestnut St., SEYMOUR, IND.
PHONE 221

H. LETT, M. D. C.
Veterinary Surgeon
111 W. Third St., SEYMOUR
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CHAS. E. GILLESPIE, M. D.
Practice limited to diseases of the
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
and Fitting Glasses
Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m.
7 to 8 p. m.
Andrews Building Phone 245
SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

"Will Go on Your Bond"
Will write any kind of
INSURANCE
CLARK B. DAVIS
LOANS NOTARY

THOS. J. CLARK
Fire, Accident and Tornado
INSURANCE
SURETY BONDS
Opera House Block, Seymour, Ind.

PERSONAL.

G. H. Anderson was in Cincinnati today on business.

C. S. Mercer was in Indianapolis today on business.

Judge J. H. Shea was here from Indianapolis Sunday.

G. H. Anderson made a business trip to Cincinnati today.

Ralph Boyer, of Columbus, was in the city today on business.

Mrs. C. E. Morton went to Cincinnati this morning to spend the day.

Mrs. N. Spier has gone to Detroit, Mich., to visit her sister for two weeks.

Mrs. P. M. Seelinger, of Holton, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Seelinger.

Mrs. Frank King and son, of Butlerville, came today to visit Mrs. John James.

Andrew Smith went to Shoals this morning to attend the funeral of Mrs. Dora Vawter.

Mr. and Mrs. William Everhart went to Cincinnati this morning to spend the day.

Mrs. J. F. Shiel went to Stilesville this morning to spend a few days with relatives.

Miss Grace Fatout, of Franklin, came Sunday to spend the week with Mrs. Zelma Leas.

Mrs. Henry Kattman of Brownstown, was here this morning on her way to Louisville.

Dr. A. May, of Crothersville, was here this morning and went to Indianapolis on business.

Rev. E. L. Pettus went to Brownstown this morning to conduct a series of revival meetings.

Joab Murphy of Butlerville, is spending a few days here with his son, John Murphy and wife.

Mrs. Henry Massman went to Shoals this morning to attend the funeral of her niece, Mrs. Dora Vawter.

T. M. Honan came from Indianapolis Sunday for a short visit and went to Brownstown this morning on business.

Mrs. Sarah McHargue returned to her home in Leesville this morning after visiting with Mrs. M. Hall.

Mrs. Clarence Turlair returned to Vallonia this morning after spending Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Boas.

Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Eldridge and daughter, of Greenwood, came Sunday evening to spend a few days with relatives.

Edward Huber, of Indianapolis, spend Sunday here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Huber on North Ewing street.

Mrs. Charles Denham and children who have been the guest of relatives here, left this morning for their home in Chisholm, Minn.

Mrs. Hattie Grecian left this morning for her home in Washington, Iowa after visiting Charles Welliver and family at Reddington.

Wm. Sealock, of Colorado, arrived here Saturday and will visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Sealock and other relatives near Scipio.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Baker left this morning for their home in Cincinnati after visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Sensback.

F. W. Wesner, S. A. Barnes, O. H. Montgomery, E. P. Elsner, Charles Steinwedel, Judge Swails and Dr. D. L. Robeson went to Brownstown this morning.

S. A. Rogers returned this afternoon from Cincinnati, where he went Sunday on the B. & O. officials special train that went through here in the afternoon.

George Short left this morning for Kirkville, Mo., where he is a student at the School of Osteopathy, after a visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Short in Reddington.

Mrs. Anna C. Perry, of Indianapolis, who has been spending the past week here with relatives, went to Scottsburg this afternoon for a visit before returning to her home.

Sunday School Officers.

The following officers were elected Sunday afternoon at the Mission school in the Northeast part of the city, which has recently been organized.

Supt.—Voss Cox.

Assistant Supt.—Mrs. L. Coffman.

Sec.—Miss Clara Williams.

Assistant Sec.—Edith Cooley.

Treas.—Mrs. T. M. Hunt.

Organist—Blanche Williams.

Adult Teacher—Mrs. R. Pritchard.

Intermediate—Mrs. George Cooley.

Primary—Miss Hazel Williams.

R. J. Connelly, who is in the Sanitarium at Rockville, underwent an operation last Thursday morning. The doctors report it successful. While Mr. Connelly suffers a great deal at times, he is getting along as well as can be expected and it is hoped he will soon be able to return home.

We do "Printing that Pleases."

Once More

We Want to Tell YOU That Our

Overcoats

For Men, Young Men and Boys Must Be Sold

Prices 1-3 to 1-2 Lower

Profit by This Saving As Many Others Have

ADOLPH STEINWEDEL

An Investment In Diamonds Pays Big Interest.

They Increase in Value Every Year. We Have a Fine Selection.

STRATTON

Large S. S. Attendance.

The attendance reported by the various Sunday Schools of Seymour for this week is the largest in many months. 1,163 persons are reported as attending the various Schools. This is a very creditable increase over recent reports.

The reports from the various Sunday Schools are as follows:

	Att.	Col.
Baptist	235	\$12.83
Methodist	225	7.75
German M. E.	131	2.43
Christian	126	3.32
Nazarene	115	5.61
Woodstock	77	2.08
St. Paul	76	3.11
Presbyterian	51	2.91
Mission	35	.47
Home Department	39	.29
A. M. E.	36	.48
Second Baptist	17	.75
Totals	1163	\$41.93

Eagles' Minstrel.

The members of the Eagles' Minstrel Troupe will begin practicing this week for the annual minstrel which will be held Monday night, February 23. Much interest is shown in this entertainment each year and a "bigger and better one than ever" is promised for next month.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that there will be an annual meeting of the stock-holders of the Seymour National Bank at their Banking House in Seymour, Ind., on Tuesday, January 13th, 1914 at 7 p. m., for the purpose of electing five directors and transacting such other business as may come before them.

J. S. Mills, Cashier.

Shareholders' Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Shareholders of the First National Bank of Seymour, Indiana, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business that may be brought before them, will be held at its banking house in the City of Seymour, on Tuesday, January 13, 1914 at 10 o'clock a. m.

J. H. Andrews, Cashier.

Sanitary barber shop. Best work guaranteed. Perry White, 109 N. Chestnut. j15

Natural Hair Braid. Hoadley's Fair Store. m&tdtf

Thousands of Eyes See "Republican Want Ads."

Seymour Business College Phone 403



and watch your coal bin and when it needs replenishing, drop us a card or phone us your order.

Raymond City at \$4.25 a ton.

LENER ICE & COLD STORAGE CO.
COAL AND ICE
PHONE No. 4.



THERE'S NOTHING WRONG.

There is nothing wrong about blowing your own horn. The trouble comes when you blow the wrong tune. We are careful to state only the facts about our lumber and surely there is nothing wrong in that.

Perhaps if we did not keep on blowing our own horn loudly and persistently, some people might forget we are in the lumber business and sell the best that is to be had at very reasonable prices. That is why we are talking to you today in this advertisement.

It will pay you to keep these facts in mind.

SEYMOUR PLANING MILL CO.
419 S. Chestnut.

Building Material

The Very Best

at the

Lowest Prices

Lumber, Shingles, Lath, Sash, Doors and Blinds.

High Grade Mill Work

Veneered Doors and Interior Finish.

Travis Carter Co.

Geo. F. Meyer Drug Store

104 S. Chestnut St.
Phone 247

W. H. BURKLEY
REAL ESTATE
INSURANCE
AND LOANS
SEYMOUR, IND.

FIRE INSURANCE

A few dollars invested today may save you thousands tomorrow.
E. W. BLISH, Room No. 11 Postal Building

Sudie Mills Matlock

Piano Teacher
Res. Studio: 521 N. Chestnut St.
SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

ANNA E. CARTER

NOTARY PUBLIC
Office at the Daily Republican office, 108 West Second St.

"BETTER CLOTHES"

WEATHER MAN



has been kind to you, he has made it possible for you to save money, while making it necessary for us to take the loss. We bought this merchandise to serve you in cold weather—but unfortunately for us we cannot wait for it.

Prices must tell the rest of the story, two dollars will do the work of three (for you) from now until Jan. 17th.

SUITS.

\$19.00	instead of \$25.00.
\$17.50	instead of \$22.50.
\$15.50	instead of \$20.00.
\$14.50	instead of \$18.50.
\$12.50	instead of \$16.00.
\$11.50	instead of \$15.00.
\$ 7.00	instead of \$10.00.

OVERCOATS.

\$19.00	instead of \$25.00.
\$13.75	instead of \$18.00.
\$11.50	instead of \$15.00.
\$ 5.00	instead of \$ 8.00.

HART SCHAFFNER & MARY AND CLOTHCRAFT, ALL WOOL CLOTHES ARE INCLUDED IN THIS SALE.

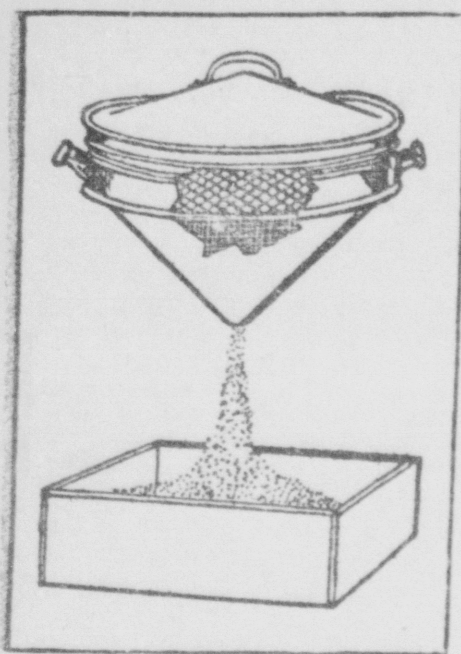
THOMAS Clothing Co.

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

"BETTER SERVICE"

HELPFUL HINTS FOR HOUSEWIVES

Simple Ash Sifter That Prevents Escape of Dust.



An improved type of ash sifter has been designed by a Baltimore man. It shakes all the ashes into a barrel and leaves the clinders and pieces of good coal in the sieve. The sifter is a circular affair of galvanized iron with a conical bottom, open at the top. A wire screen crosses the top of the cone, where it meets the tray portion, and a lid fits tightly over all and keeps the dust from escaping at the top. The sifter is placed in the top of an ash barrel or can and the refuse from the heater shoveled into it. The lid is then placed on it, and the receptacle is shaken thoroughly by means of the handles at the sides until the fine ashes have sifted through the screen.

Suet Pudding.

One cupful of finely chopped suet, two cupfuls of flour, one cupful of sweet milk, one cupful of raisins, one teaspoonful of soda dissolved in a cupful of New Orleans molasses, half a cupful of walnut meats. Steam two and one-half hours. Serve with lemon sauce made with one cupful of sugar, one tablespoonful of cornstarch and one heaping tablespoonful of butter well mixed together. Pour over this one pint of boiling water, boil for a few minutes, stirring constantly, and after removing from fire squeeze in the juice of half a lemon. The pudding and sauce should be served steaming hot.

Potato Scones.

Ingredients: Six potatoes, one cupful of Graham flour, one tablespoonful of butter, one level teaspoonful of baking powder, one egg, one cupful of cream or milk, one-half a teaspoonful of salt. Boil potatoes in slightly salted water until well done, mash and beat up until very smooth; then add the egg, cream and melted butter. Sift together the flour, salt and baking powder; stir this into potato mixture, mix into a firm dough, roll out to a thickness of half an inch and cut into squares with a sharp knife. Bake on a hot griddle.

Virginian Sweets.

Cut sweet potatoes in slices about half an inch thick and put a layer in a baking dish, sprinkling freely with flour and adding small pieces of butter, a little salt and sugar. Add another layer of potatoes as above until the dish is nearly full. Cover the top with a thick sprinkling of flour and as much butter as you think it needs. Cover all with boiling water and bake in a medium oven, basting occasionally with the water in the dish. When done the top should be nicely browned and the sirup of a creamy consistency.

Mince-meat.

Three pints chopped meat, two lean and one fat; three pints of chopped dried apples, one pint each of currants, raisins and vinegar, two pints each of raisins and sugar, three tablespoonfuls of cinnamon, two tablespoonfuls each of cloves and allspice and one grated nutmeg.

Put all in a stewpan and moisten with the broth in which the meat was cooked. Salt to taste. Cook all together about forty-five minutes.

Tomato Jelly Salad.

To one can of tomatoes add half as much water as there are tomatoes and boil a few minutes. Rub through a colander and, using the tomato juice, add gelatin in proportion as given on the gelatin box. Season with salt, pepper, horseradish and Worcestershire sauce. Pour into molds and allow them to harden. Serve on a lettuce leaf, with a spoonful of salad dressing on top of the mold.

Cauliflower à la Hollandaise.

Serve boiled cauliflower in a sauce made of one-fourth cupful of butter, one-half tablespoonful of vinegar, the yolks of two eggs, a few grains of cayenne, one-third cupful of boiling water. One-half teaspoonful of mustard and a teaspoonful of sugar may be added if desired.

Polishing Mirrors.

Mirrors are very dull and speckled. The following method is excellent: Make a small portion of whiting and add sufficient cold tea to it to make a paste; rub the glass dry with a soft cloth; then rub a little of the paste on the mirror and polish dry with Jessie paper.

A TRIP TO THE MOON.

One Scientist at Least Thinks It Will Be Made Some Day.

Jules Verne was a scientific man, and many regard his fiction stories of submarine and aerial flight—which at the time they were published seemed wild dreams—as a serious prediction of what he believed would be accomplished. As a matter of fact he did live to see the submarine an accepted arm of two navies, and the Wrights were well advanced toward success before he died. There remains his "Trip to the Moon," which seems absolutely impossible of accomplishment. Nevertheless, there are scientific men who dare to reach out into space and chart a pathway to other worlds.

One of these, M. Ernest Archdeacon, who ranks among the foremost authorities in France on aviation, predicts our present aviation machines, which at best could not encircle the earth in less than eight days, will be abandoned for air craft which will girdle the globe in sixty-six minutes. "All the peoples of the earth will then form a sole and single nation."

Man, insatiable in his ambition, is contemplating interplanetary flight, and M. Esnault Pelterie believes the vehicle will be a self propelled rocket (Verne again) with a speed of seven miles a second, which is estimated to be sufficient velocity to carry the projectile beyond the zone of terrestrial attraction. At this rate the moon would be reached in less than ten hours—assuming of course the vehicle was not melted long before by the heat generated in its terrific flight. Radium is suggested as a possible motive power.

The idea of interplanetary flight from our present viewpoint seems of course impossible. However, the submarine was 400 years in developing. M. Archdeacon says, "I am convinced that in a certain number of centuries the inhabitants of all the planets will have made acquaintance with one another, and I foresee the day when a world's interplanetary congress will be held."—H. H. Windsor in Popular Mechanics Magazine.

STATIC ELECTRICITY.

It Is All Around Us Always and Plays Quaker Pranks at Times.

Static electricity seems to be everywhere. We are quite surrounded by it on all sides. It is in the earth, the air, in our clothes, on the books, the rug and the walls. It sticks the papers together on the desk. It attracts feathers and bits of lint to metal and glass. It leaps from our fingers when we touch metal objects. Now and then a crackling noise will be heard when the coat is being taken off. A woolen skirt or sweater drawn quickly over the head will produce crackling sparks. By shuffling the dry feet over the carpet a considerable spark can be obtained from the fingers.

Bear in mind that static electricity is not the kind that is used to light the electric lamps in the house. Very little work has ever been found for static electricity. It is a worthless vagabond delighting in mad pranks. In the form of lightning it dashes down from the sky, searing honest folk nearly to death, often doing considerable damage. It frequently visits the press room in large printing establishments and sticks the sheets of paper together until the presses have to be stopped. It gathers on the yarns and threads in textile mills, knotting and tangling them, and is always in mischief.

It is easy enough to prove the presence of static electricity. Rub a bit of amber, glass, hard rubber or sealing wax with a silk handkerchief or a piece of woolen cloth, and it will attract bits of paper and small particles of metal. When we stroke the cat's back this static electricity collects very rapidly. It snaps and crackles and flashes as it discharges between our fingers and the animal's fur. This display of static electricity is nothing more or less than a miniature thunder shower—without the rain.—From Harper's "Beginning Electricity," by Don Cameron Shafer.

Quality of Humor.

A famous definition of the quality of humor is this: "For this humor is an adjunct divine; it is a value of life; it makes for greater things than clean laughter from the lungs. It is the root of tolerance, the proof of patience; it suffers long and is kind; serves to tune each little life harmony with the world harmony about it; keeps the heart of man sweet, his soul modest. And at the end, when the light thickens and the mesh grows tight, humor can shape the suffering vigils of the sleepless, can soften pain, can brighten the ashy road to death."

Hard to Say.

"If your mother bought four baskets of grapes, the dealer's price being a quarter a basket, how much money would the purchase cost her?" asked the new teacher.

"You never can tell," answered Tommy, who was at the head of the class. "Ma's great at bargaining!"—Ladies' Home Journal.

What He Imagines.

"Is he concealed?" "I wouldn't put it that way. But I do know that every time he writes a check he imagines that the grocer is going to have it framed and hung up just to show his signature."—Detroit Free Press.

Puzzled.

Bix—Can you lend me \$5 for a month, old boy? Dix—What the deuce does a month old boy want with \$5?—Boston Transcript.

There is nothing more frightful than ignorance in action.—Goethe.

THE CITY BEAUTIFUL

CINCINNATI TACKLES ITS SMOKE NUISANCE.

The City Has a Society of Crusaders Against the Evil.

Cincinnati is setting an example worthy of emulation in a successful crusade against the smoke nuisance. In 1906 a group of public spirited men, and women of this city, actuated by the desire to improve conditions, hit upon a definite project of aiming to rid the city of its pall of smoke. They organized the Smoke Abatement League, and for seven years this organization has followed a consistent policy of education, for it declared that the smoke problem was an economic one and that its solution was one of education, says the National Municipal Review.

At its seventh annual meeting the superintendent Edward S. Jerome, presented a report that was a record

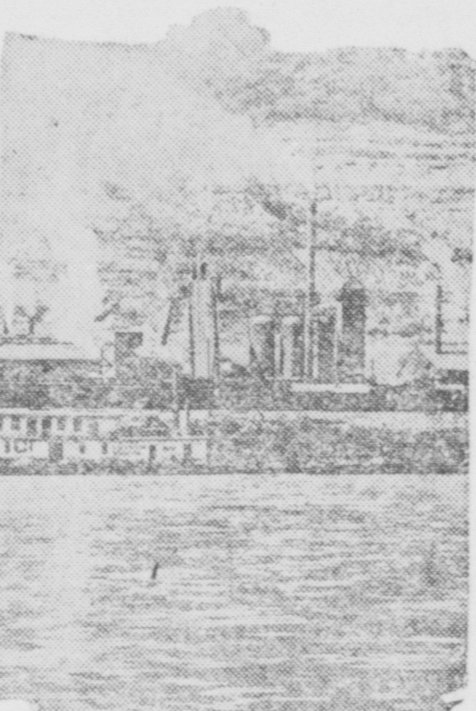


Photo by American Press Association.

AN EXAMPLE OF THE SMOKE NUISANCE.

of distinct gain. He stated that no other city in the United States had supported for so long a period a voluntary association having for its one object the abatement of the smoke nuisance. Emphasizing the educational aspect of the campaign, he said:

"It becomes more and more manifest that we are in a campaign of education. Those engaged in it realize more keenly than ever before that fitful, spasmodic efforts accomplish little. To go out and watch a smoking stack is the simplest thing in the world; to make an arrest of an offender is not difficult; to secure the imposition of a fine is comparatively an easy matter; but to actually stop the smoke at 'there's the rub.' This campaign requires the dissemination of literature bearing on this subject, calling attention to it and throwing light on it. It involves speaking here and there throughout the city in order to awaken interest and to keep that interest from flagging and dying out. It needs an arrest now and then of those careless and indifferent, who must be made to realize that this is not a matter of opinion, but of administration of the law. It requires a happy admixture of tact and firmness to secure the co-operation of those responsible for this nuisance, and that's the great public without whose co-operation our efforts will be well nigh fruitless."

BENEFIT OF CITY PLANNING.

City planning would first investigate all the physical ills of a community. It would diagnose them; it would determine all those matters which need improvement; it would determine in consideration of all points of view the relative urgency of the various needs; it would plan, in view of this, a consistent program of procedure; it would work out solutions for all of these problems, keeping a due relation and proportion among them; it would meet the peculiar needs of the community and preserve the city's individuality; it would concentrate on the various problems and get tangible results. City planning would so model the setting of the life of the community with regard to health, safety, convenience and comfort as to make it the ideal place in which to live. Than this there is nothing in which a city may more justly be proud.—George B. Ford.

NEWBURG REHABILITATED.

The New York City Takes a Survey of Itself.

The city of Newburg, N. Y., has recently completed the process of taking a social survey of itself or, in other words, taking its own social measurements. This undertaking was initiated by Newburg citizens and was financed largely by local contributions. The enterprise had good backing and, like similar movements elsewhere, met with some local opposition.

Among the subjects selected for inquiry were public schools, public health, housing, public library, charities and municipal administration. Two definite results have been accomplished, a new educational force has been provided and a new public interest in civic affairs has been aroused.

NEGLECTED QUARTERS IN AMERICAN CITIES.

A Healthful City Cannot Have Insanitary Alleys.

It is unfair to discriminate in favor or against any particular section or class. Is it morally right to neglect any portion of our city any more than for a patient to neglect a crippled or weak minded child? Is not our civic duty just as binding as is our family duty, since the results of civic duty react just as strongly upon each individual citizen as do the results of the family duty upon both parent and child? asks J. Bailey Logan, chief engineer of Annapolis, in the American City.

We cannot square the two opposing facts of a healthful city with insanitary alleys or side streets any more than we can reconcile the facts of a healthy human being with a disordered colon. What the individual in such a condition needs is a good internal bath. And so does the city. But the city cannot get this bath by beautifying and sewerage her finer residential streets any more than can the man by jumping into a tub and then dressing up in his Sunday clothes. This does not help his indigestion.

"There is no improvement so local as to be of no general benefit." And there is no place in which this wise saying of Lincoln's is more to the point than in the case in hand. It is to be regretted that public improvements are often made and accepted as place-meal favors of a local or individual nature. And since this view is so tenaciously held it is rather easy to see why certain sections of our cities are neglected, for are not these usually the sections in which the residents lack both the power to intercede and the ability to make return in any material way for the so called favors? But looked at from a purely selfish point of view, is it not important that attention be given to the sanitary betterment of the streets and alleys where people live who wash our clothes, who cook our food and who nurse our babies?

The neglect of these sections in regard to sanitation particularly fosters a feeling of unjust discrimination that we would do well to discourage. Much class or racial prejudice could be overcome if all were made to feel that their interests were being cared for at least in a fair degree. Would we all not be placed on a footing of more effective co-operation for the city's progress if no one felt that his necessities of life were being withheld?

The neglect of health laws on the part of the city breeds slovenliness in the very places where the seeds of cleanliness are in the most need of being sown, and where even the sowing is futile if the plant is not afterward nursed with care. For we are all creatures of imitation, and since imitation is so potent a factor in our lives, example must be the goddess of destiny. It is certainly a civic duty to set an example by way of good sanitation, so that imitation may have a chance to show results. We find this spirit of "following suit" cropping out where any public betterment is made. If a street or road is paved we find house and fence renovation promptly following. When a sewer is installed we find back yards improved, gutters and pavements put in order. Encouragement is a great tonic and one which we all need.

THE WISDOM OF SOLOMON.

Kansas Town Builds a Recreation Hall Which Serves Many Purposes.

It is natural that the rich agricultural sections, where prosperity has reigned many years, should give early expression to the new community help.

Solomon, a prosperous town in Kansas, typifies such a community. Around it are valuable farms. Here is the most successful co-operative grain buyers' association in central Kansas. It has existed a dozen years and owns two elevators which handle hundreds of thousands of bushels of wheat every season.

When the school board met last summer it decided by a unanimous vote to spend \$5,000 to build a recreation hall. That was later increased to \$6,500, but what is that to a district with \$2,000,000 valuation?

The hall was dedicated recently and every foot of the big room was crowded with patrons of the district. The big thing about it is the object for which it was constructed. The building is of brick, 40 by 100 feet, with a high basement and a large auditorium. The basement has a cement floor, shower baths, rooms for manual training and domestic science classes of the high school. The auditorium is the town's own. At one end is a pretty stage. The hardwood floor is marked for basketball. The winter lecture course takes place in the auditorium as well as debating contests, basketball tournaments and all entertainments that are for the good of the people.

Street Vacuum Cleaners.

In Manchester, England, a patent vacuum street cleaner, recently invented, is being tested. It is said that the experiments so far indicate that the new cleaner is far superior to the old type in that there remain no sweepings to be cleaned up by manual labor and that dust raised by the horse drawn broom is avoided.

Game In Verse

THE FAR CALL.

THE Galway roads are calling, calling to the Galway horn. They can see the dew wet hedges shining jeweled in the morn. They can hear the heart horn laughter of each childhood known gossamer, And o' nights they hear the fiddles in a well remembered tune.

And the Galway voices call them where the Galway children play. And their hearts turn back to Galway—aye, from half the world away! And the Devon roads are calling, calling to the Devon horn. They can smell the English roses in the sweetness of the morn. They can see the white winged fishers homing when the day is done. On a sea all crimson glory from the setting Devon sun.

And the blue eyed Devon lassies call them from the long ago, And their hearts are sick for Devon when the sun is red and low. And the Scottish hills are calling—call the Scottish banks and braes, And the Holland dikes and lowlands, and call loud Italian ways. From wherever men were children, north or south or east or west, Comes the call to those who've wandered when their faltering limbs would rest. It is not the home ways calling when the evening sun sinks low; It is lost youth calling, calling; but they never seem to know.

DON'T MIND.

DON'T mind if you're feeling bad. It won't be long before you're glad. Don't mind if you're feeling blue. There's something somewhere waiting for you. To lift your shadow and your care And heal the haunting, dark despair.

Don't mind it if the day goes wrong. Perhaps before the night a song Will rise around you sweet and clear, Like magic music to your ear, And all your weary heart will feel Responsive to its sweet appeal.

Don't mind it if you lose the chance. It won't be long before you'll dance Into the biggest luck of all. Fight on with back against the wall, And somehow to your blade will leap The strength to swing it far and deep.

Don't mind it if you feel cast down. Tomorrow you may wear the crown. From out the shadows over you Today tomorrow's sun will strew The gladdening and uplifting beams That fill the heart with brighter dreams.

HASSAN'S PROVERBS.

KING HASSAN, well beloved, was wont to say: When aught went wrong or any project failed, "Tomorrow, friends, will be another day."

And in that faith he slept and so prevailed. Long live this proverb! While the world shall roll Tomorrow's fresh shall rise from out the night. And new baptize the indomitable soul With courage for its never ending fight. No one, I say, is conquered till he yields, And yield he need not while, like mist from glass, God wipes the stain of life old battle-fields. From every morning that he brings to pass.

New day, new hope, new courage—let this be. O soul, thy cheerful creed! What's yesterday With all its shards and wrack and grief to thee? Forget it, then. Here lies the victor's way. —James Buckham.

AND WHEN I BECAME A MAN.

PILED away on a dusty shelf, Back in the dark where none may see, Lie the toys of my childhood self—Little boy that I used to be.

AN engine fierce and a woolly bear, A battered doll with a tangled wig, A bank that one time was passing fair, Some marbles, a top and a fat toy pig.

AND now I have grown to be a man, With a man's ambitions and hopes and fears, I'll build my life on a larger plan And banish the emblems of childhood's years.

SO piled away on a dusty shelf, Back in the dark where none may see, Lie the toys of my childhood's self—Little boy that I used to be. —Constance Clark.

TIME'S FLIGHT.

TIME'S flight will frequently dismay With changes gradual, but immense. The letter that you write today May startle you a few years hence. —Washington Star.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

HIS was the woodman's rugged frame, A knightly spirit bold, The simple ways and studious tastes Of anchorites of old. His heart was tender with a love For all humanity, He heard the wailing of the slaves And yearned to set them free.

NO honest labor ever shamed His spirit sound and true, That which lay nearest to his hand He never failed to do. Through hardship, toll and bitter pain He walked serenely brave, The narrow upward path that led To glory and the grave.

THOUGH many a year above his dust Has shed its suns and rains, A pattern still for all the world His memory remains, And laurel wreath and martyr's crown Around his name are bent, And every black he freed is now His living monument. —Minna Irving.

BOTH NECESSARY.

THE parting from brother Was tearful and sad, "Be good," whispered mother; "Make good," counseled dad. —Pittsburgh Post.

IN THE WORLD OF SPORT

Irish Mahon, Newark Boxer, Regarded Corner.



Photo by American Press Association.

Irish Mahon of Newark, N. J., is one of the most promising of the crop of featherweights. He has met and defeated some of the best and is in great demand.

Mahon is hot on the trail of Johnny Kilbane. It is likely that the pair will be matched in the near future.

Baker's New Record.

More honors have been discovered for J. Franklin Baker, who has made himself so extremely obnoxious to major league pitchers since he moved from Reading, Pa., to Philadelphia early in September, 1908. It develops that J. Franklin is the only athlete who has been for three seasons a member of the World's Series Society of Three Hundred Hitters. The man who put Trappe, Md., on the baseball map also is the only player who has annually hit harder in the baseball classic than he has in the regular season.

Chief Meyers of the Giants had a chance to secure the same honor as Baker possesses, of being a .300 hitter in three world's series, until his hand was damaged prior to the start of the second game for the championship of the world. McGraw's Indian batted .300 in the contests with the Athletics in 1911 and .357 in the games with the Red Sox in 1912. His percentage in the one game he played in 1913 was underneath the charmed figure.

Journey New U. of P. Captain.

Louis A. Young, who was re-elected captain of the University of Pennsylvania football team, resigned the captaincy and Albert Journey was elected in his place. Young will be graduated next June, but expected to return to the university for a postgraduate course. On the strength of this expectation he was again chosen captain, but he has since found that he will not be able to return for the extra year of study. Journey, the new captain, played right guard on the team this year. He is twenty-three years old, and his home is at Leonia, N. J.

Joe Tinker a White Horse.

Employees around the Chicago Tribune building tipped it off that if Joe Tinker doesn't want to play with Brooklyn he can earn his three square meals by cleaning the map of the present crop of white horses. A night watchman who didn't know Tinker tried to halt his march to the sporting editor's sanctum. Three other employees jumped in. In a round battle lasting five minutes Tinker spilled the quartet about the floor, arriving at the sport department with only a slight bruise on his face.

Harvard's Baseball Dates.

Twenty-nine games have been scheduled for the Harvard baseball team for the coming season. Of these two each will be played with Georgetown, Holy Cross, Brown, Pennsylvania and Yale. The Yale games are scheduled for June 16 and 17, the first to be played at New Haven and the second at Cambridge, while a third game will be played at New York on the 20th in case of a tie. The team will make one trip south, leaving for West Point on April 21 and returning to Cambridge April 26.

Fifteen Baseball Fatalities.

Fifteen deaths constituted the toll in baseball games during the 1913 season. The report shows that the greatest death toll was in Chicago, where three persons were killed by pitched balls. Twelve of the victims were killed by being hit in the head by the ball direct from the hands of the pitcher. Four tips were responsible for the other three deaths. The report points out that all of the players killed were unskilled in the game and that none was major league players.

Rowing at Cornell.

The Cornell crew boathouse was not closed this fall, but will remain open all winter. The boat will be left in place so that if a warm spell comes during the winter the men will be able to practice on the water.

NE'ER-DO-WELL

A Romance of the Panama Canal
BY
REX BEACH

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CHAPTER XV. Gertrudis Garavel.

LIKE most Latin-American cities, Panama prides herself upon her government theater. Although it remains dark most of the year, its brief period of opera is celebrated by a notable outpouring of Americans and Panamanians. It was an exceedingly well dressed audience, for although the pit was plentifully sprinkled with men in white, the two lower galleries were in solid full dress. In the center box of the first tier, ornately hung with flags and a coat of arms, Anthony beheld a giant black man of majestic appearance, flanked by a half dozen aids in uniform.

"That is President Galleo," Edith told him.

As the curtain fell on the first act Kirk rose with the others and, accompanied by Mrs. Cortlandt, made his way down the long passageway and out into a brightly lighted, highly decorated foyer, filling now with voluble people. It was a splendid room, but he had no eyes for it. His gaze was fixed upon the welcome open air promenade outside, and his fingers fumbled with his cigarette case.

"Oh, wait, please," he heard Edith say. "I want you to meet some one."

There, not a yard away, was the girl of his dreams demurely bowing to Edith Cortlandt, her hand upon the arm of a swarthy man, whom Kirk knew at once as her father. He felt the blood rush blindingly to his head, felt it drumming at his ears, knew that he must be staring like a man bereft. Mrs. Cortlandt was speaking, and he caught the name "Garavel" like a bugle call.

She was the same dainty, desirous maid he had met in the forest, but now splendidly radiant and perfect beyond his imagining. She was no longer the simple wood sprite, but a tiny princess in filmy white molded by some master craftsman. As on that earlier meeting, she was thrilling with some subtle mirth which flickered on her lips or danced in the depths of her great, dark eyes.

How he ever got through that wild introductory moment without making a show of himself Anthony never knew. The general confusion perhaps helped to hide his emotion, for around them eddied a constant human tide, through which at last came Mr. Cortlandt and the other members of his party. Then by some glorious miracle Kirk found himself moving toward the open air at her side, with Mrs. Cortlandt and the banker in advance of them.

"Oh, Chiquita," he said softly. "I thought I'd never find you. I've hunted everywhere."

At the tremendous intensity of his tone she flashed him a startled glance. "Chiquita is not my name," she said, reprovingly.

"Yes, it is; it must be. I can't think of you by any other. Hasn't it been whispering at my ears ever since you said it? It has nearly driven me mad. Why didn't you come back as you promised?"

"It was Stephanie—she is such a ferocious person! I was brought to the city that day—but no, señor. I did not promise. I said only 'perhaps.'"

"Have you done your penance?" "It was finished yesterday. This is the first time I have been out. Oh, it is delightful. The music—the people!"

"And I can come to see you now?" "Very well do you know that you cannot. Have you not learned our customs? Do not be foolish, or I shall be forced to walk with my father."

"Don't do that. Can't you see we must make haste while the curtain is down?" "I do not see. I am strolling in search of the cool air." She bowed and smiled at some passing friends. She seemed very careless, very flippant. She was not at all the impetuous, mischievous Chiquita he had met in the woods.

"See here!" he said, soberly. "I've met your father, I'm going to explain my intentions to him, and ask his permission to call on you."

"My father is a stern man. In his home he is entirely a Spaniard, and if he learned how—we met, for instance—even under the electric light he saw her flush—he would create a terrible scene."

"Trust me! I shan't tell him." "There are so many reasons why it is useless."

"Name one."

"One!" She shrugged lightly. "In the first place I care nothing for you. Is not that enough?"

"No, indeed. You'll get over that."

"Let us imagine, then, the contrary. You Americans are entirely different

from our people. You are cold, deliberate, wicked—your social customs are not like ours. You do not at all understand us. How then could you be interested to meet a Spanish family?"

"Why, you're half American." "Oh, yes, although it is to be regretted. Why, there is no other nice girl in all Panama who would have talked with you as I did in the forest that day."

"But what has all this to do with my coming to see you?"

"It is difficult to explain, since you will not understand. When a young man is accepted into a Spanish house, many things are taken for granted. Besides that, we do not know each other, you and I. Also, if you should come to see me it would cause gossip, misunderstanding among my friends."

"I'll declare myself in advance," he promised warmly.

"No, no, no! We Spanish-Americans do not care for strangers. We have our own people and we are satisfied. It is much better that old people who are of more experience should discuss these questions."

"But don't you want to have a voice in your own affairs?" he eagerly urged. She answered frankly: "I do rebel sometimes. I protest, but it is only the American blood in me."

"If you'd learn to know me a little bit, maybe you'd enjoy having me around the house."

"But I cannot know you, any more than you can know me," she cried, with a little gesture of despair at his dullness. "Don't you see—before we could get acquainted nicely people would be talking."

"Let's try. You're living at the country place again, aren't you? Suppose I should get lost some day—tomorrow, for instance?"

"No, no! Listen. It is the warning bell, and we must return."

The crowd was filing into the theater now. They fell in behind Senor Garavel and Mrs. Cortlandt.

"I'm going hunting again tomorrow," prophesied Kirk, "and I'm almost certain to lose my way—about 3 o'clock. Suppose we have another stroll after the next act?"

"I shall be with my father. Never before have I enjoyed so much liberty."

"Oh, I detest your blamed, strait-laced Spanish customs," he cried hotly. "What do they amount to, anyhow? I love you. I do, I do!"

She laughed and darted to her father's side.

"Don't you think Miss Garavel is a pretty girl?" Mrs. Cortlandt questioned, as they strolled toward their box.

"She's a dream," Anthony's tone left nothing unsaid.

"You got along together capitally. Most of the señoritas are impossible."

"By the way, what is her name?"

"Gertrudis. Rather pleasing, I think."

Kirk thought so too. When, after an age, the curtain fell for a second time he escaped from his companions, mumbling some excuse or other, and made haste to find her again. But as he approached he felt a sudden pang of jealous rage.

Ramon Alfarez was beside her, and the two were chatting with an appearance of intimacy that made him furious. Close at hand stood Garavel, deep in conversation with Colonel Johnson.

"Ah, Ramon, I wish you to meet Mr. Anthony," said Gertrudis. "So! You have met before?"

"In Colon," Kirk explained, while Alfarez scorched him with his eyes. "Mr. Alfarez was very hospitable to me."

"Yes," the Spaniard exclaimed. "It is my great regret that Senor Anthony did not remain for longer. Does Senor Anthony discover our climate to be still agreeable?"

"Very. It hasn't grown too warm for me yet."

"We are but approaching our 'ot season.' The speaker's eyes snapped.

Heretofore Kirk had hated Ramon in a careless, indifferent sort of way, feeling that he owed him a good drubbing, which he would be pleased to administer if ever a fitting time arrived. But now, since he saw that the jackanapes had the audacity to love Gertrudis, his feeling became intense. The girl, of course, was fully alive to the situation and, although she evidently enjoyed it, she did her best to stand between the two men.

As for Alfarez, he was quick to feel the sudden fierce hostility he had aroused, and it seemed to make him nervous. Moreover, he conceived that he had scored heavily by his last retort, at which Kirk had only smiled. It therefore seemed best to him to withdraw from the conversation (anonymously conducted in English), and a few moments later he stalked majestically away. This was just what Kirk wanted, and he quickly suggested the

balcony. But Gertrudis was obstinate. "I must remain with my father," she said.

"May I sit beside you, then? Do you know, I'm going to nestle up to your father and make him like me."

"Again you are speaking of that subject. I have known you but an hour, and you talk of nothing but my father, of me, of coming to call. I have lost all modesty to speak of those things. You force me to embarrass myself."

"You once spoke of a chap your people had picked out. It isn't—Alfarez?" She let her dark eyes rest upon his a moment, and his senses swam. Then she nodded slowly.

"You do not like him?"

"Just like a nose bleed. The day you and I are married I'm going to send him a wreath of poison ivy."

"It pleases you always to joke."

"No joke about that. You won't give in, will you?"

"There is no question of force nor of surrender, señor. I insist now that we shall speak of other things."

A few moments later he was constrained to rejoin his hostess's party.

"When are you going back to Las Savannas?" he asked as he reluctantly arose.

"Tomorrow."

"The hunting ought to be good"—But she frowned at him in annoyance, and he left her after all without knowing whether he had gained or lost ground. She was not so warm and impulsive as he had supposed. Her girlishness, her simplicity, her little American ways, cloaked a deep reserve and a fine sense of the difference in their positions. The plague of it was that if anything he was more in love with the definite and dazzling Gertrudis Garavel than he had been with the mysteriously alluring Chiquita. And then, too, there was Alfarez!

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

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A foul, disagreeable breath, dark circles around the eyes, at times feverish with great thirst; cheeks flushed and then pale, abdomen swollen with sharp cramping pains are all indications of worms. Don't let your child suffer—Kickapoo Worm Killer will give sure relief—it kills the worms—while its laxative effect adds greatly to the health of your child by removing the dangerous and disagreeable effect of worms and parasites from the system. Kickapoo Worm Killer as a health producer should be in every household. Price 25c. All Druggists or by mail, Kickapoo Indian Med. Co., Philadelphia or St. Louis.

Curious Cradles.

"The Lapland babe's cradle," said a man who has traveled, "is its mother's shoe—its mother's snowshoe. This snowshoe is covered with skin and stuffed with soft moss. When so disposed the Lapland mother can hang her baby to a tree by the thongs."

"The Indian baby wears a nose ring and a veil, and its cradle is a basket swung from its mother's head."

"But the strangest cradle of all is the New Guinea baby's. The mothers of New Guinea bury their babies in the soft white desert sand up to the waist. This keeps them out of mischief. It is the only cradle they ever know."

Wonderful Cough Remedy.

Dr. King's New Discovery is known everywhere as the remedy which will surely stop a cough or cold. D. P. Lawson of Eidsen, Tenn., writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery is the most wonderful cough, cold and throat and lung medicine I ever sold in my store. It can't be beat. It sells without any trouble at all. It needs no guarantee." This is true, because Dr. King's New Discovery will relieve the most obstinate of coughs and colds. Lung troubles quickly helped by its use. You should keep a bottle in the house at all times for all the members of the family. 50c and \$1. Recommended by H. H. Carter, successor to Andrews Drug Co., Seymour, Ind.

Gossip in the Club.

Only one thing is fatal to the happy social life of any country community, and that is gossip. If the women in their clubs cannot find in the wide field of housekeeping, chicken raising, preserving, care of children, public schools, music, art, reading, public improvements, good government, health, sewing, entertaining and all other delightful household tasks enough material to lift the meetings above petty personalities, then the little club or whatever it is called is doomed. Whenever gossip is allowed to creep into any organization people will begin to break up into little cliques or circles or groups, and the whole thing falls—Hilda Richmond in Farm and Fireside.

For Frost Bites and Chapped Skin.

For frost bitten ears, fingers and toes; chapped hands and lips, chilblains, cold sores, red and rough skins, there is nothing to equal Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Stops the pain at once and heals quickly. In every home there should be a box handy all the time. Best remedy for all skin diseases, itching eczema, tetter, piles, etc. 25c. Recommended by H. H. Carter, successor to Andrews Drug Co.

Advertisement.

SNAPSHOTS AT NOTABLE PEOPLE

Alfred H. Smith, New Head of the New York Central.



From laborer in the construction gang to head of a great railway system is the story of Alfred H. Smith, new president of the New York Central railroad. He is the third in succession of New York Central presidents to rise from the lowest grade to the highest. All three of these men come from the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern railroad. First of the trio was William H. Newman, who was succeeded by William C. Brown, who, in turn, has retired.

When a boy of fourteen young Smith went to work as a messenger in the Lake Shore offices at Cleveland. After that he worked in the purchasing agent's office; but, having a liking for the mechanical branches of railroad engineering, he resigned his clerkship and took a job in one of the construction gangs. He worked as a laborer for several years, becoming general foreman of construction work. In 1890 Mr. Smith was made superintendent of the Kalamazoo division and eleven years later had reached the position of general superintendent of the Lake Shore. A year later he was transferred to the New York Central system as general superintendent and in 1906 was made vice president and general manager. Last March Mr. Smith became senior vice president of the New York Central lines. He is also president of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern. President Smith is in his fiftieth year.

Winslow of the Navy.

In naval circles at Washington the opinion prevails that Rear Admiral Cameron McRae Winslow will command the Atlantic fleet on its passage through the Panama canal when the great waterway is opened to the world's commerce in 1915. Until he hauled down his flag a few weeks ago Rear Admiral Winslow was second in command to Rear Admiral Badger, commander in chief of the Atlantic fleet. Early in the year Admiral Badger is to retire, and gossip has it that Winslow will succeed him. Rear Admiral Winslow is very popular in the navy. He is noted as a navigator and his service with the Atlantic fleet outdates that of any other



REAR ADMIRAL C. M. WINSLOW.

flag officer connected with it. He was born in Washington in 1854 and is the nephew of the late Admiral John A. Winslow, the famous commander of the old Kearsarge when that ship sank the Confederate cruiser Alabama off the French coast. He is a graduate of Annapolis of the class of 1875 and will arrive at the retiring age in 1916.

In 1898, in the Spanish war, Admiral, then Lieutenant, Winslow led the little party that cut the cables off Cienfuegos, Cuba, in order that the Spanish forces might have no communication with Madrid. The cutting of the cables was done in the face of a terrific fire from the Spaniards on shore and by many has been termed the bravest act of that war. For his services on that occasion he was advanced five numbers in grade. He was attached to the White House staff as naval aid in the second Roosevelt administration. Mrs. Winslow is a daughter of the late Henry O. Havemeyer of New York city.

Rheumatic Blood is Whole Story

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You Will Feel Like an Acrobat After Using S. S. S.

Rheumatism is simply a name given to designate a variety of pains, and can only be reached by irrigating the entire blood supply with a naturally assimilative and doing. There is but one standard rheumatism remedy, and is sold in all drug stores under the name of S. S. S. Attempts are often made to sell something claimed to be "just as good." Insist positively you will have nothing but S. S. S.

It contains only pure vegetable elements and is absolutely free of mercury, iodine or potash or arsenic.

The recoveries of all types of rheumatism by the use of S. S. S. is a fine tribute to the natural efficacy of this remarkable medicine, for it is assimilated just as naturally, just as specifically, and just as well ordered as the most acceptable, most palatable, and most readily digested food. Do not fail to get a bottle of S. S. S. today. You will be astonished at the results. If your rheumatism is of such a nature that you would like to consult a specialist, write to the medical department, The Swift Specific Co., 229 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

DAMES AND DAUGHTERS.

Mrs. Margaret Kidney of Newark, N. J., has celebrated her one hundredth birthday.

Dr. Beatrice M. Victor of Philadelphia is the first woman to win the degree of doctor of philosophy at the University of Pennsylvania.

Mrs. E. F. Morgan, who was elected mayor of Brecon, Wales, has proved to be invaluable to the city because of her economic municipal work in the city.

Miss Fanny Marriage of Chelmsford has just held a sale of jams and pickles made by herself in aid of the cancer wards of the Middlesex (England) hospital and realized £96. In eleven years Miss Marriage has raised £1,000 for the hospital.

Miss Elizabeth Weaver of Los Angeles, Miss Kate P. Johnson of Indiana, Miss Elizabeth Eggert of Connecticut and Miss Catherine Sellers of Ohio, all of whom are connected with government departments, have been admitted as members of the bar in the District of Columbia.

SEYMOUR FOLKS

ASTONISH DRUGGIST

Druggists sell many good medicines but we are told the mixture of buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., known as Adler-ika, is the best they ever sold. Seymour folks astonish us daily by telling how QUICKLY Adler-ika relieves sour stomach, gas on the stomach and constipation. Many report that A SINGLE DOSE relieves these troubles almost IMMEDIATELY. Sold in Seymour by druggist, C. E. Loertz.

Epigrams of an Epicure.

Flavor is the soul of food, as expression is the soul of music.

The highest laws of health demand of us that we get as much pleasure out of our meals as possible.

The making of a menu requires as much taste and judgment as the arranging of a concert program.

A poor appetite is a danger signal—a thing to arouse pity and to be cured, just like a headache or a fever.

A true epicure would no more dull the edge of his appetite for future pleasures of the table by overindulgence in food or drink than a barber would think of whittling kindling wood with his razor.—Henry T. Finck's "Food and Flavor."

SAMPLE FREE

Try it for nasal and dry catarrh, sneezing, cold in the head, hay fever or any complication resulting from chronic catarrh. Keeps the breathing passages open, thus giving sound, restful sleep and no mowing. Soothes and heals the inflamed membranes. Fine for nose bleed. Get Kondon's, the original and genuine Catarrhal Jelly, at druggists or direct, in sanitary tubes, 25c or 50c. Sample free. Write

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TIME CARD

Effective November 30th, 1913.

EAST BOUND	Arrives
No. 12 Daily	4:34 a. m.
No. 26 Daily ex. Sunday	5:40 a. m.
No. 10 Sunday only	8:07 a. m.
No. 4 Daily ex. Sunday	9:08 a. m.
No. 2 Daily	3:45 p. m.
No. 8 Daily ex. Sunday	4:22 p. m.
No. 6 Daily	5:55 p. m.

WEST BOUND	Arrives
No. 55 Daily ex. Sunday	4:54 a. m.
No. 9 Sunday only	3:47 a. m.
No. 7 Daily ex. Sunday	10:20 a. m.
No. 1 Daily	11:19 a. m.
No. 11 Daily	2:00 p. m.
No. 27 Daily ex. Sunday	7:10 p. m.
No. 3 Daily	11:50 p. m.

NOTE—No. 26 East Bound starts from Seymour and No. 27 West Bound runs only as far as Seymour.

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In Effect October 7, 1913:

Northbound	Southbound
Cars Lv. Sey.	Cars Ar. Sey.
6:40 a. m. 1	6:20 a. m.
7:40 a. m. 1	7:28 a. m.
9:18 a. m. 1	9:00 a. m.
9:40 a. m. 1	9:10 a. m.
11:18 a. m. 1	11:00 a. m.
11:40 a. m. 1	11:10 a. m.
1:18 p. m. 1	1:00 p. m.
1:40 p. m. 1	2:10 p. m.
3:18 p. m. 1	3:00 p. m.
3:35 p. m. 1	4:10 p. m.
5:40 p. m. 1	5:00 p. m.
6:18 p. m. 1	6:10 p. m.
7:40 p. m. 1	7:00 p. m.
8:18 p. m. 1	8:00 p. m.
8:35 p. m. 1	9:10 p. m.
10:45 p. m. G	10:00 p. m.
11:59 p. m. C	11:40 p. m.

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C—Columbus.
G—Greenwood.
H—Hoosier Flyers.
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Elmira	9:16 am	5:45 pm	7:17 am	
Beehunter	9:33 am	6:10 pm	7:30 am	
Elmira	9:47 am	6:24 pm	7:45 am	
Elmira	10:14 am	7:00 pm	8:18 am	
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TIME EXTENDED

Possibly you were busy preparing for the splendid Christmas this year and have waited until now to join

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If you want a special amount for Christmas, the clerk will show you what division to use. The clerk will then give you a Christmas Money Club record card which will show the amount you are to pay each week throughout the club period, and when you make payments the clerk will punch out the amount paid. The card shows the entire amount you have paid at any time, as well as the amount remaining to be paid.

When Do I Make Payments?

Payments in all divisions are due weekly, but for your convenience, they may be made in advance. This is advised when possible. It is not necessary to make payments personally. You may send your card to the bank with the amount.

Can I Possibly Lose Anything?

If for any reason you are unable to keep up the payments for the full fifty weeks, you will receive in full the amount paid in. If you lose your card, notify the bank at once, another card will be given you. You do not lose anything in this event, as the bank will have a duplicate card showing the amount you have paid in.

Let us know the amount you want at Christmas and we will arrange the payments to suit you.

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FIRST ORGANIZATION OF CIVIL GOVERNMENT IN STATE

Logan Esray Writes Short Sketch Pertaining to Early Indiana Political Life.

Logan Esray in the Indianapolis Star has the following article relative to the first organization of civil government in Indiana.

There is nothing that so much interests people as government. Interest in business, in education, in religion, in society, in science attracts larger or smaller groups of society in varying degrees. Politics or affairs of government are universal and perennial in their appeal. No sooner does a group of English speaking people find itself disassociated from its former government than it sets about organizing a new one.

In all the domain of history there are no more interesting examples of this synthetic action than the formation of the state and county governments of the Western states of America. Many of the Western states were organized without any restraint whatsoever from a parent government. They are the free political expression of their citizens. In this regard they differ significantly from most of the governments of the original thirteen colonies. For this reason a study of our own early government reveals the political principles of our pioneer ancestors.

Indiana was created a territory by act of Congress May 7, 1800. Its boundaries were liberal. On the east it was bounded by a line from the Ohio River opposite the mouth of Kentucky River near Madison to Fort Recovery and thence on a meridian line to Canada. There was much dispute in Congress over this line. The House voted to have it due north from the mouth of the Big Miami, the present eastern boundary of the state. The Senate objected because this would throw the settlers on the Whitewater in Indiana and they would have to go to Vincennes to court. This wedge of land, known as the "gore," was open for settlement at the Cincinnati land office and it would have been the only public land in the entire territory open to purchase. The Senate held firm and the territory was organized without an acre of land open to settlers. The southern boundary was the Ohio, the western, the Mississippi and the northern the international boundary line.

This territory had been divided into counties by Governor St. Clair and Winthrop Sargent, his secretary. They had set out from Marietta, the first capital of Indiana, early in 1790. Jan. 8 they reached Clarksville at the falls opposite Louisville. Governor St. Clair did not organize a county at this place, but appointed William Clark, a surveyor and cousin of George Rogers Clark, a justice of the peace and captain of the militia. The two officers then journeyed on by water to Kaskaskia. St. Clair was called back immediately by the threatening aspect of the Shawnee Indians. Secretary Sargent organized St. Clair County in southwestern Illinois, then came by land to Vincennes. June 20, 1790, the first county in what is now the state of Indiana was organized. Its ample boundaries were, on the east the Big Miami River, on the south the Ohio to Fort Massac, on the west St. Clair County, the Illinois River to its junction with the Kankakee, thence north to Canada, on the north by Canada.

John Small, who had come to Vincennes with the first American settlers in 1785, a jack-of-all-trades about the village, became the first sheriff, and eight years later became the first representative of Knox County in a legislative assembly; and he was very probably our first politician. He was a slaveholder, a miller and a surveyor. Next to the sheriff in importance came the commander of the county militia. Francis Vigo, the Sardinian refugee who had aided Clark, was appointed to this position. Common Pleas, Probate and Quarter Session Courts were organized. Andrew Heath was appointed a justice and John Mills a notary. Having thus set the wheels of government in motion Secretary Sargent set out for Fort Washington, Aug. 21, 1790.

This was the first real civil government on the soil of what is now the state of Indiana. Its jurisdiction embraced all Indiana and large parts of Ohio, Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin. There was nothing striking or novel in its organization. All the common features of the English county government were present. Two purposes only were in mind, the protection of the community from outside force—Indians, Spanish and British, and the preservation of internal order. It has long been a favorite theory among certain historians that the puritan descendants of the English roundheads always governed themselves through the town or township meeting, and opposed the county government as be-

ing aristocratic. The Southern colonists of the United States, it has been assumed by these historians, being descendants of the old royalists, would not tolerate the township government, but always administered their local affairs through the county organization. Here at Vincennes was a New England Puritan organizing a colony largely from the Southern states. There is no trace of any conflict between the two political systems. As a matter of fact, throughout the United States, that local institution or local office has been used which best suited the circumstances.

As was necessary the little community of Vincennes was put on a war footing. Every man capable of bearing arms found a place in the militia. Regular drill days were appointed. A garrison was maintained at Fort Knox, where was also stationed a small number of regulars.

The internal condition of the settlement was discouraging. Drunkenness, gambling and murder were common sights. The early laws of the judges indicate what was needed. The first law of Indiana Territory forbade anyone selling liquor to the Indians. The second act forbade anyone giving or selling liquor to the soldiers; a provision of this law was that soldiers might not sell or pawn their uniforms, arms, or ammunition for whisky. The third act forbade gambling; the fourth regulated the use of firearms. Then as now nearly all crime was traceable to the influences of liquor. Thus by the autumn of 1790 a community organized under law and governed in some measure by civil authority had begun the work of building a state in the wilderness of Indiana.

MOZART CONCERT COMPANY SCORED CROWNING SUCCESS

Talented Musicians Gave Excellent Program Which Was Highly Praised by Large Audience.

The Mozart Concert Company gave one of the most delightful entertainments of the season Saturday night at the First Baptist church, it being the second number of the Entertainment and Lecture Course. Each member of the company is a talented artist with both natural ability and careful training. The program was exceptionally well balanced and the closing number was announced only too soon. Many of those attended remarked that the concert was worth the price of the season ticket.

The company was ably introduced by W. P. Masters.

The Mozart Company is regarded as one of the best musical companies in lyceum work and after their program has been heard it is easy to understand why they have become so popular in this field. Mrs. Audrey Spangler Mortland, the pianist, delighted the large audience with several instrumental selections and her work as an accompanist was highly commended. Her readings were carefully selected and were given in such a manner that they were both inspirational and entertaining. As a pianist she is a finished artist and in her readings is both graceful and pleasing.

The hearty encores accorded Miss Isobel Jungerman, the violinist showed the general appreciation of her renditions. She has an unusually charming stage presence and executes the solo numbers with an expression that is seldom heard. The ease with which the difficult numbers were given shows that she had been schooled under the direction of competent instructors and also possessed a natural talent.

William T. Shaffer, the vocal soloist, has a remarkable clear tenor voice. On the platform he is dignified but is able to produce the sympathetic or emotional qualities at will. The solos of Mr. Shaffer were enthusiastically received by the audience.

The cellist, Alexander J. Spiegel, is well known in musical circles, and his work is a strong feature of the excellent program. The skill with which he gave the various numbers bespoke his ability as an artist.

The next number on the course is one of more than ordinary interest. The program will be given by Ralph Bingham, the celebrated humorist. Strickland Gillilan says it is not an entertainment nor a lecture but simply "a romp with Ralph." It is believed that it will be necessary to secure the Majestic Theater for the accommodation of the crowd who will want to hear Mr. Bingham.

Wifely Curiosity.

"Henry, dear, I tried on a suit of your clothes the other day, and it fitted me to perfection."

"May I ask your object in taking such a liberty with my garments?"

"Why, Belle Greene said she heard Tommy Tolliver say that you wasn't much bigger than a shrimp, and I was just wondering how big a shrimp is."

—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Republican Want Ads. Get Results.

BURTON E. STEVENSON.

Author of "The Mystery of the Boule Cabinet."



Track Walker Killed.

Peru, Ind., Jan. 9.—W. W. Stocking, age fifty-five, was run down by a switch engine and killed when walking on the track. He was on his way to the passenger station to meet his wife. Stocking was an employe of the Wabash railroad.

Held on Murder Charge.

Richmond, Ind., Jan. 12.—Donald Nestor, twenty-one years old, was indicted on a charge of murder in the first degree for the killing of Richard Cook, twenty-four years old, who was stabbed with a pair of scissors.

Cruel.

"They turned the X ray on my brain, but found nothing." "What did they expect?"—Baltimore American.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

WANTED—To do carpet cleaning with electric vacuum cleaner, also window washing, house cleaning, etc. Phone 625. j12d

WANTED—Roomers. Corner of Third and Poplar. j17d

WANTED—Boys. Hoosier Harness Co. j13d

FOR SALE—Large size Sharpless cream separator, used only short time, for sale cheap. Inquire G. C. Borcherting. j15d&w

FOR SALE—Road Island Red roosters, single comb, pure stock. Phone 533, Mrs. C. W. Able. j13d&w

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Piano and organ. Phone R X 1027-three rings. j12-17d-15w

FOR SALE—Beech wood. Phone 1. j17d

WHY RENT—When you can buy a large five-room house, centrally located, with a part payment down. House now empty. See E. C. Pinch-on 15½ N. Chestnut St. j12d-frif

FOR RENT—Cottage, 513 East Third street. Marion A. Weddell. j13d

FOR RENT—Five room cottage with water and gas. Inquire here. j17d

JOB WORK—All kinds house and window cleaning. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices right. Phone 391. j13d Walker.

NO HUNTING—Muslin signs 9x17 inches, for posting farms against hunting and trespassing, 5 cents each, 50 cents per dozen. Call at Republican office. d&wtf

Seymour Temperatures.

The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures as shown by the government thermometers at the Seymour volunteer weather observation station and reported by J. Thos. Hays, observer. The figures are for twenty-four hours ending at noon:

Max. Min.
January 12, 1913 33 16

Weather Indications.

Fair, colder tonight. Zero temperature north and central portion. Tuesday fair. Continued cold.

WE REPAIR ANYTHING

That Needs It

Our Work is Guaranteed

Prices Reasonable

W. A. Carter & Son

Agents for Racyle,

Opposite Interurban Station

Bargains in Shoes

Ladies' Shoes \$1.25 to \$4.50
Men's Shoes \$1.25 to \$5.00
Children's from 50c to \$2.50

RUBBERS OF ALL KINDS.

We repair your shoes with the best leather we can buy in the market.

COLABUONO

We Do "Printing That Pleases"

Don't Fail

TO VISIT OUR

January Clearing Sale

PRICES CUT IN HALF

\$5.00 to \$18.00 Overcoats \$2.90 to \$9.75
and Suits, Sale Price.....

Shoes, Rubbers, Arctics, Underwear
at GREAT REDUCTIONS

Philadelphia Bargain Store

NEVER WITHOUT A BARGAIN.

SOCIAL EVENTS.

AUCTION BRIDGE.

Mrs. L. A. Ebner gave one of the most beautifully appointed parties of the season Saturday afternoon at her home on North Walnut street in honor of Mrs. George Schaller, of Vincennes. The house was decorated with ferns, palms and cut flowers. Eleven tables of auction bridge were played by beautifully gowned ladies who with their smiles and pretty manners made the afternoon pass quickly. A two course luncheon was served in pink and white colors, with pink and white satin roses as favors.

In the receiving line with Mrs. Ebner were Mrs. Schaller, Mrs. Murphy and Mrs. Ben Spellman, of Terre Haute and Mrs. W. B. Gallimore, of Seymour. Mrs. Ebner wore pink and white mull with pink and blue trimmings. Mrs. Schaller was most beautiful in white lace over pale Tango shade of charmeuse. Mrs. Murphy in black lace net over black silk. Mrs. Spellman in blue broad cloth with Persian trimmings. Mrs. Gallimore in pink crepe de chine draped with hand made lace.

TUESDAY CLUB.

The regular meeting of the Tuesday Club will be held Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Louise Schneck. The following program will be given: Responses.....From Shakespeare's Tragedies.

Tragedies.....Types
Macbeth.....Mrs. Zoe St. John Williams

Romeo and Juliet.....Mrs. Ida Montgomery

Othello.....Mrs. Louise Schneck

Famous Actors in Shakespearean Roles.....Mrs. Jessie Smith

Calling Cards.

One hundred calling cards, single line, for 50c. Republican Office.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE